

TOWARDS

**A FORMAL
THEORY OF
TANGENT
OBJECTS**

MARCELLO LANFRANCHI

FORMAL MONADS

STREET 1972

PREMISE

A MONAD CONSISTS OF:

A CATEGORY

AN ENDOFUNCTOR

A UNIT

A MULTIPLICATION

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & \mathbb{X} & \\ & \downarrow & \\ \mathbb{X} & \xrightarrow{S} & \mathbb{X} \\ & \downarrow & \\ \text{id}_{\mathbb{X}} & \xrightarrow{\eta} & S \\ & \downarrow & \\ S^2 & \xrightarrow{\mu} & S \end{array}$$

FORMAL MONADS

STREET 1972

PREMISE

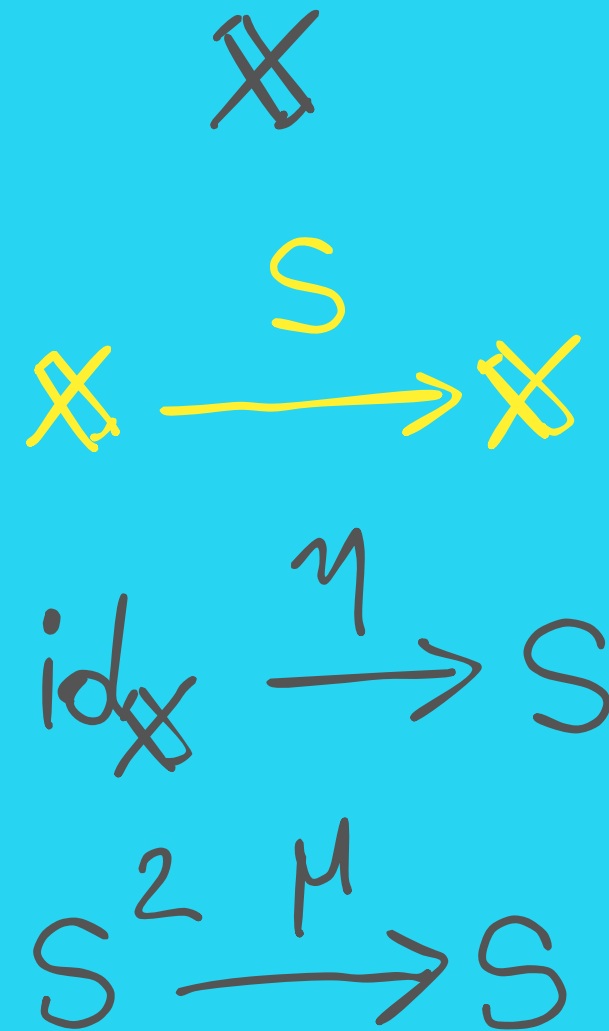
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FORMAL MONADS

STREET 1972

PREMISE

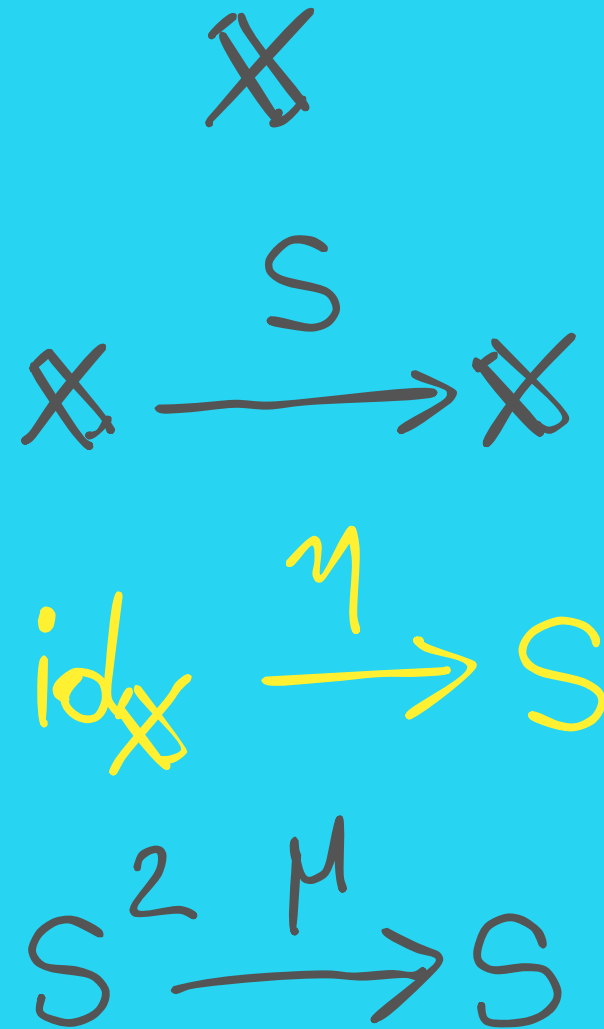
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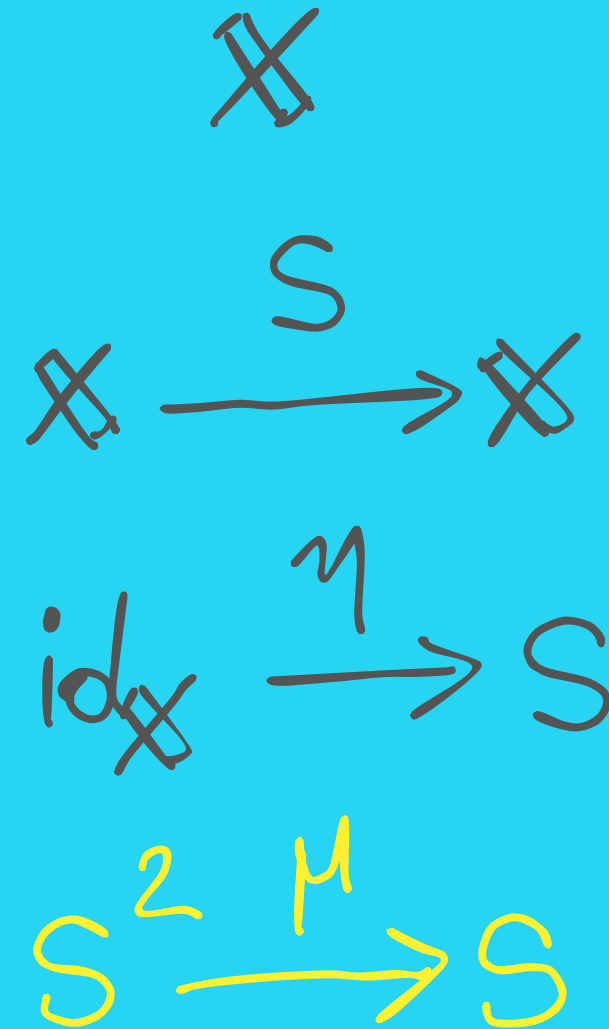
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FORMAL MONADS

STREET 1972

PREMISE

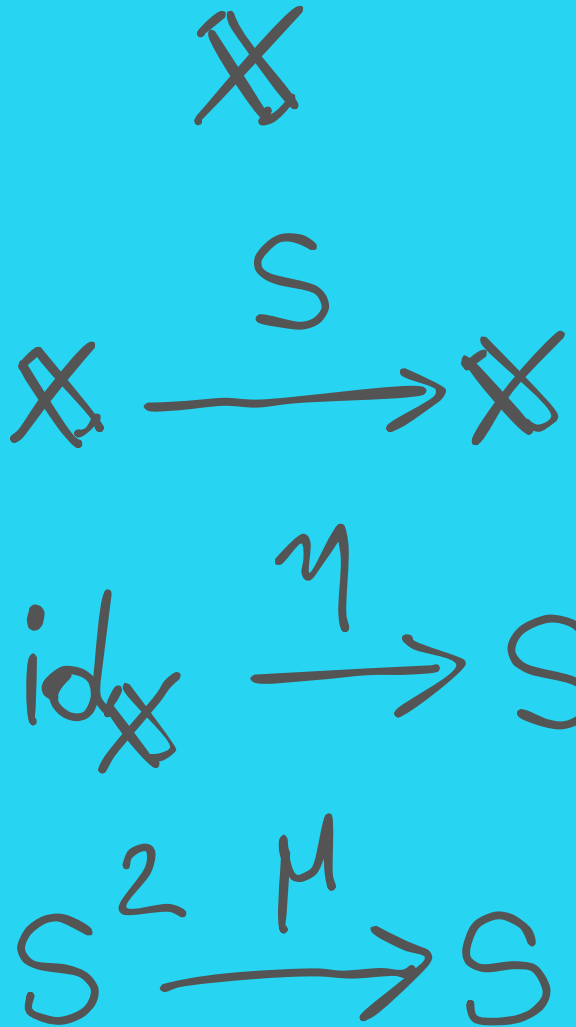
A MONAD CONSISTS OF:

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AN ENDOFUNCTOR

A UNIT

A MULTIPLICATION



A **FORMAL** MONAD IN A 2-CATEGORY
CONSISTS OF:

AN OBJECT

A 1-MORPHISM

A UNIT

A MULTIPLICATION

CAN WE FORMALIZE TANGENT CATEGORY THEORY?

THE PLAN

TANGENT CATEGORY THEORY 101

WHY WE NEED TANGENT OBJECTS

VECTOR FIELDS BUT FORMALLY

STRUCTURES OF FORMAL VECTOR FIELDS

NEW IDEAS AND FUTURE WORK

CAN WE FORMALIZE TANGENT CATEGORY THEORY?

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STRUCTURES OF FORMAL VECTOR FIELDS

NEW IDEAS AND FUTURE WORK

CHAPTER 0

TANGENT CATEGORY THEORY

101

THE OBJECTS
OF A TANGENT
CATEGORY ARE
LOCALLY LINEAR
GEOMETRIC
SPACES.

TANGENT CATEGORY

ROSICKY 1984
COCKETT, CRUTTWELL 2014

DEFINITION

A TANGENT CATEGORY CONSISTS OF:

CATEGORY

TANGENT BUNDLE FUNCTOR

PROJECTION

ZERO MORPHISM

SUM MORPHISM

VERTICAL LIFT

CANONICAL FLIP

OBJECTS ARE GEOMETRIC SPACES
MORPHISMS ARE SMOOTH FUNCTIONS

TANGENT CATEGORY

ROSICKY 1984
COCKETT, CRUTTWELL 2014

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TANGENT BUNDLE FUNCTOR

PROJECTION

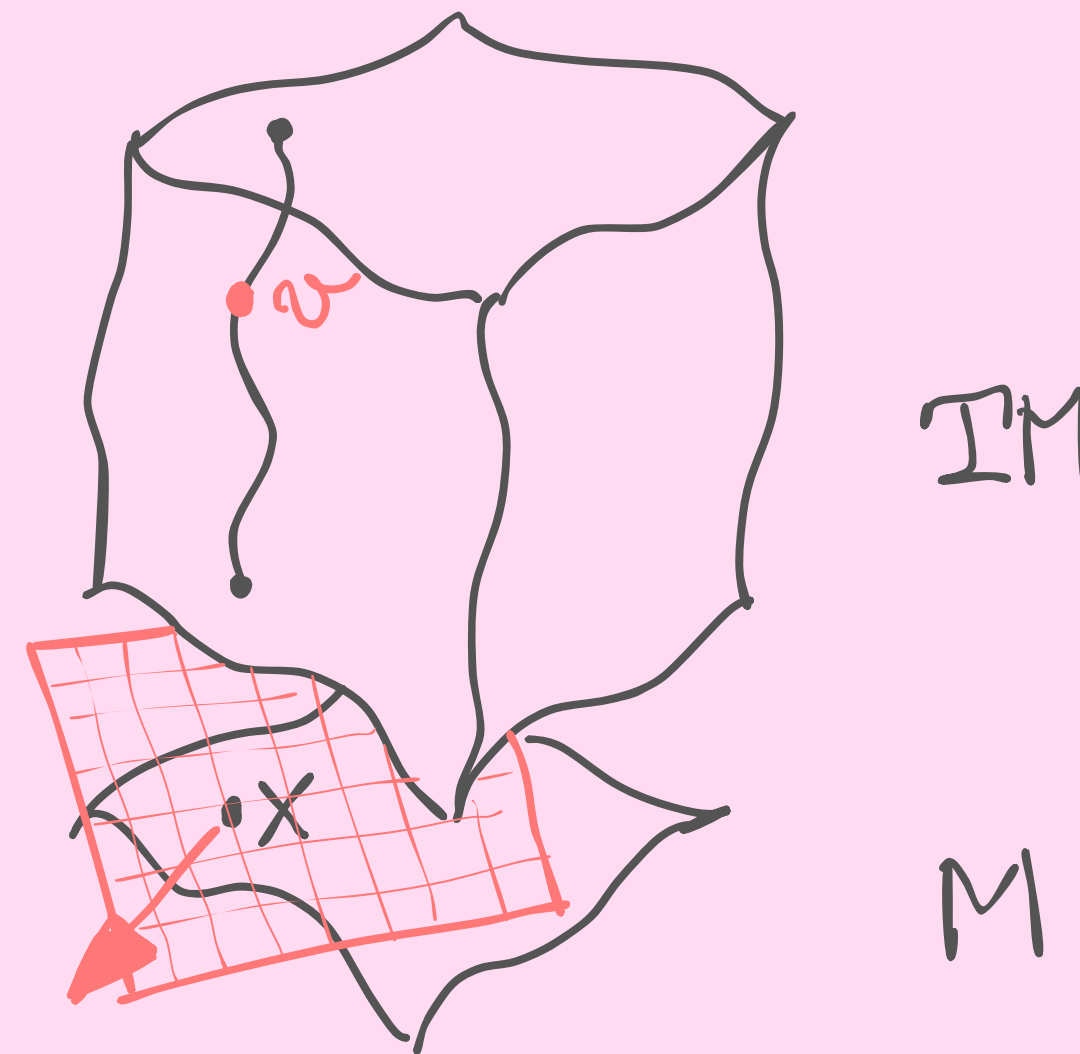
ZERO MORPHISM

SUM MORPHISM

VERTICAL LIFT

CANONICAL FLIP

T SENDS AN OBJECT TO THE COLLECTION
OF ITS TANGENT VECTORS



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ROSICKY 1984
COCKETT, CRUTTWELL 2014

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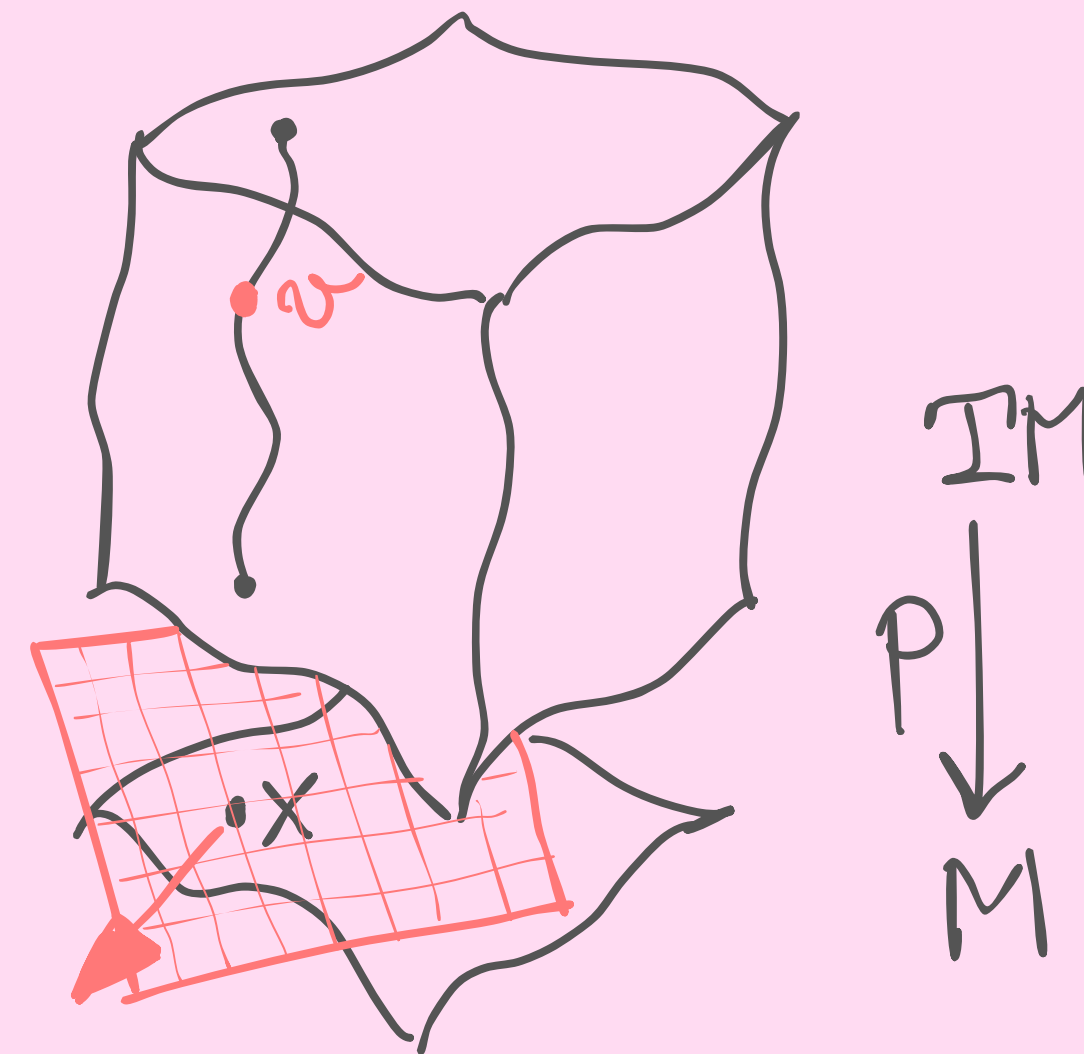
ZERO MORPHISM

SUM MORPHISM

VERTICAL LIFT

CANONICAL FLIP

THE PROJECTION SENDS A VECTOR
TO ITS BASE POINT



TANGENT CATEGORY

ROSICKY 1984
COCKETT, CRUTTWELL 2014

DEFINITION

A TANGENT CATEGORY CONSISTS OF:

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TANGENT BUNDLE FUNCTOR

PROJECTION

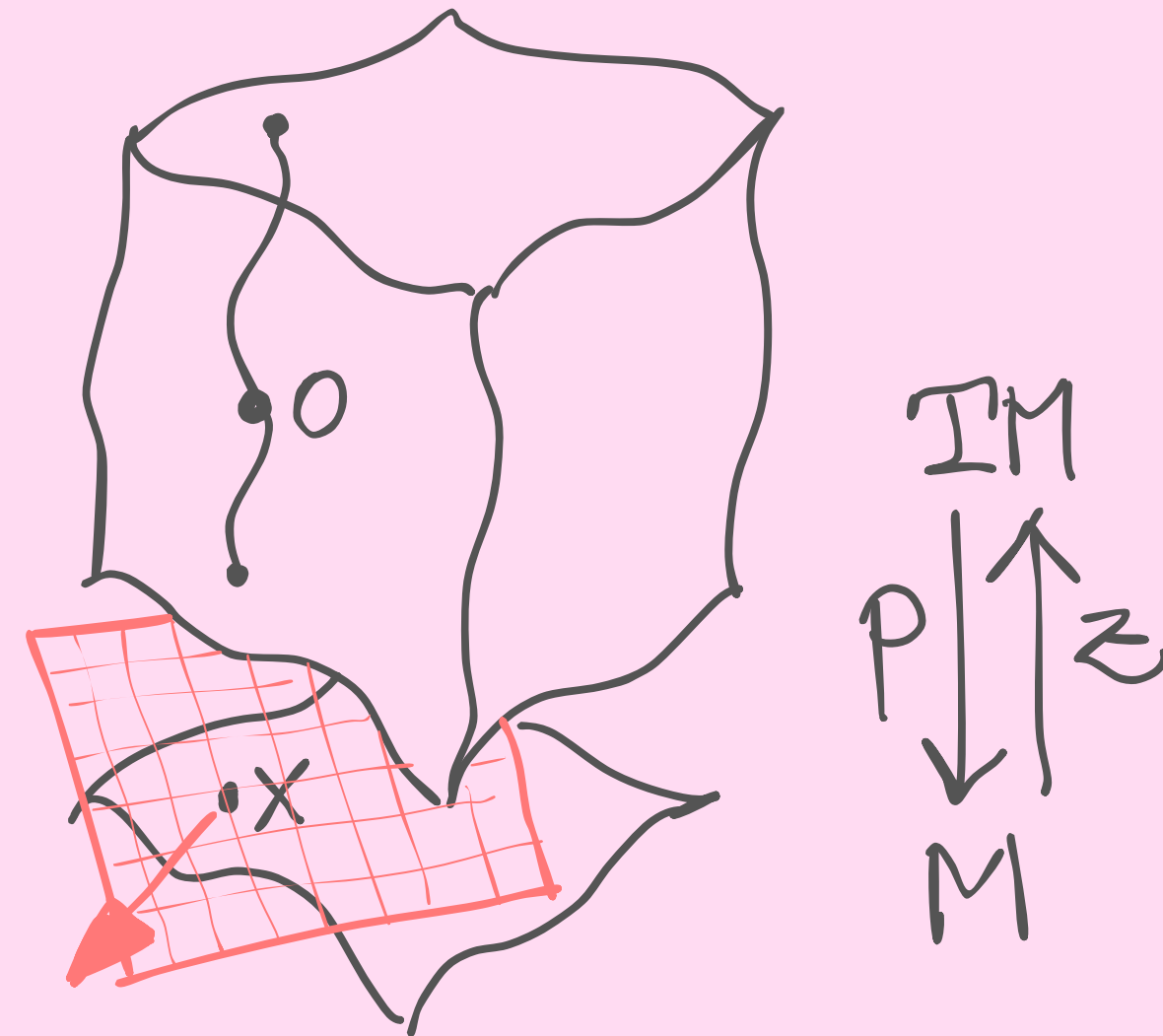
ZERO MORPHISM

SUM MORPHISM

VERTICAL LIFT

CANONICAL FLIP

THE ZERO SENDS A POINT
TO ITS ZERO VECTOR



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ROSICKY 1984
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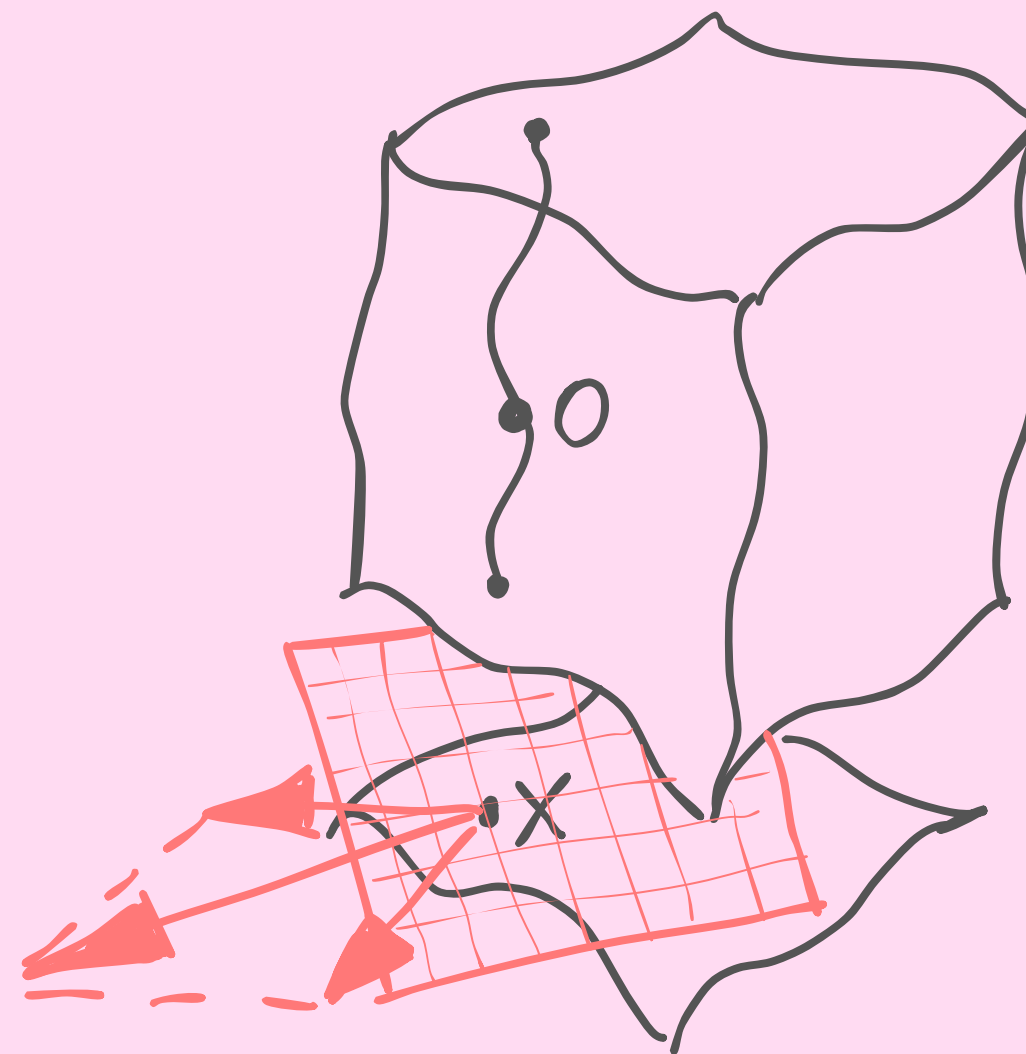
ZERO MORPHISM

SUM MORPHISM

VERTICAL LIFT

CANONICAL FLIP

THE SUM SUMS VECTOR WITH
THE SAME BASE POINT



$$\begin{array}{c} T^*M \xleftarrow{S} T_2M \\ \downarrow p \quad \uparrow \eta \\ M \end{array}$$

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ROSICKY 1984
COCKETT, CRUTTWELL 2014

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PROJECTION

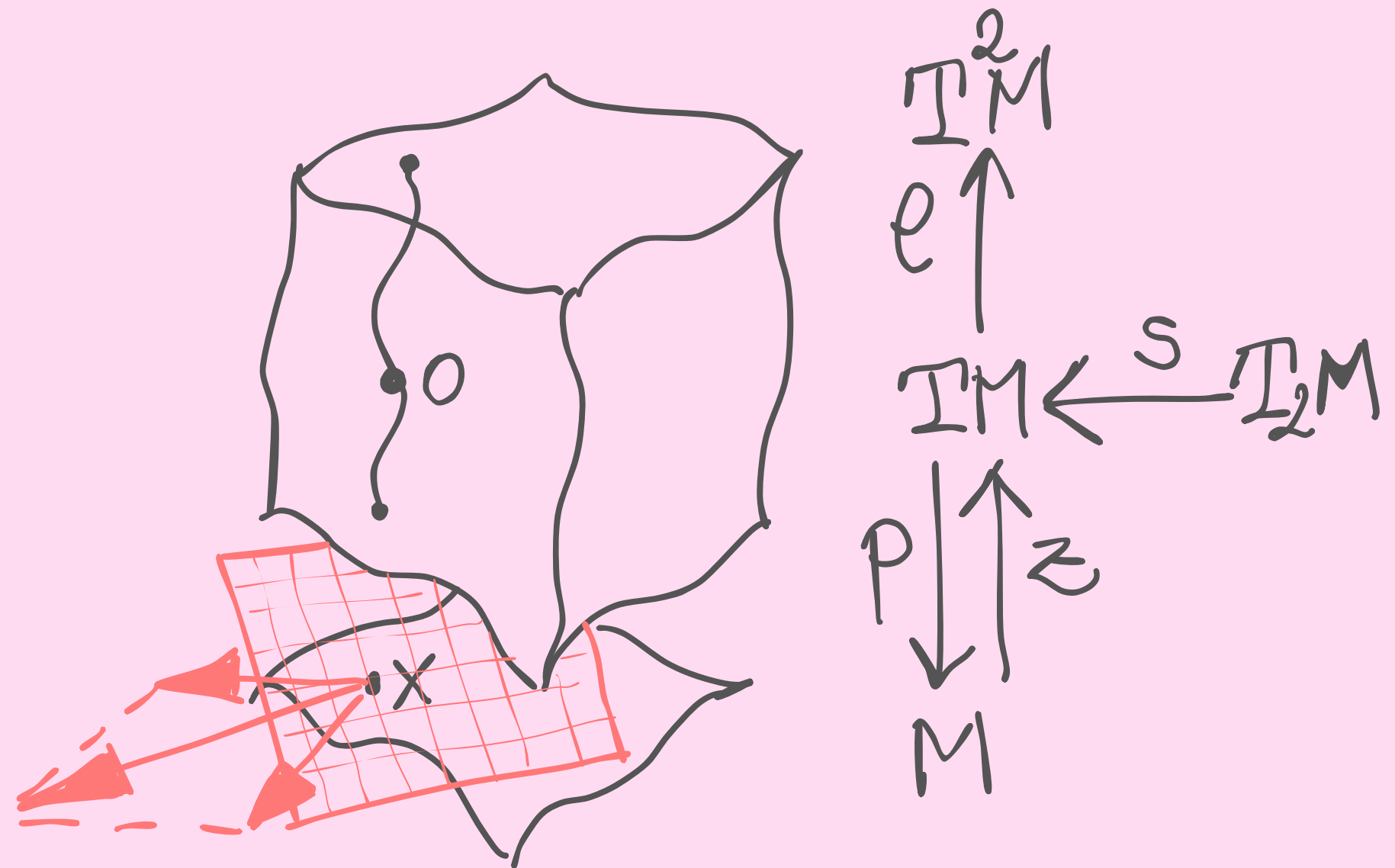
ZERO MORPHISM

SUM MORPHISM

VERTICAL LIFT

CANONICAL FLIP

THE LIFT MAKES TM **LOCALLY LINEAR**



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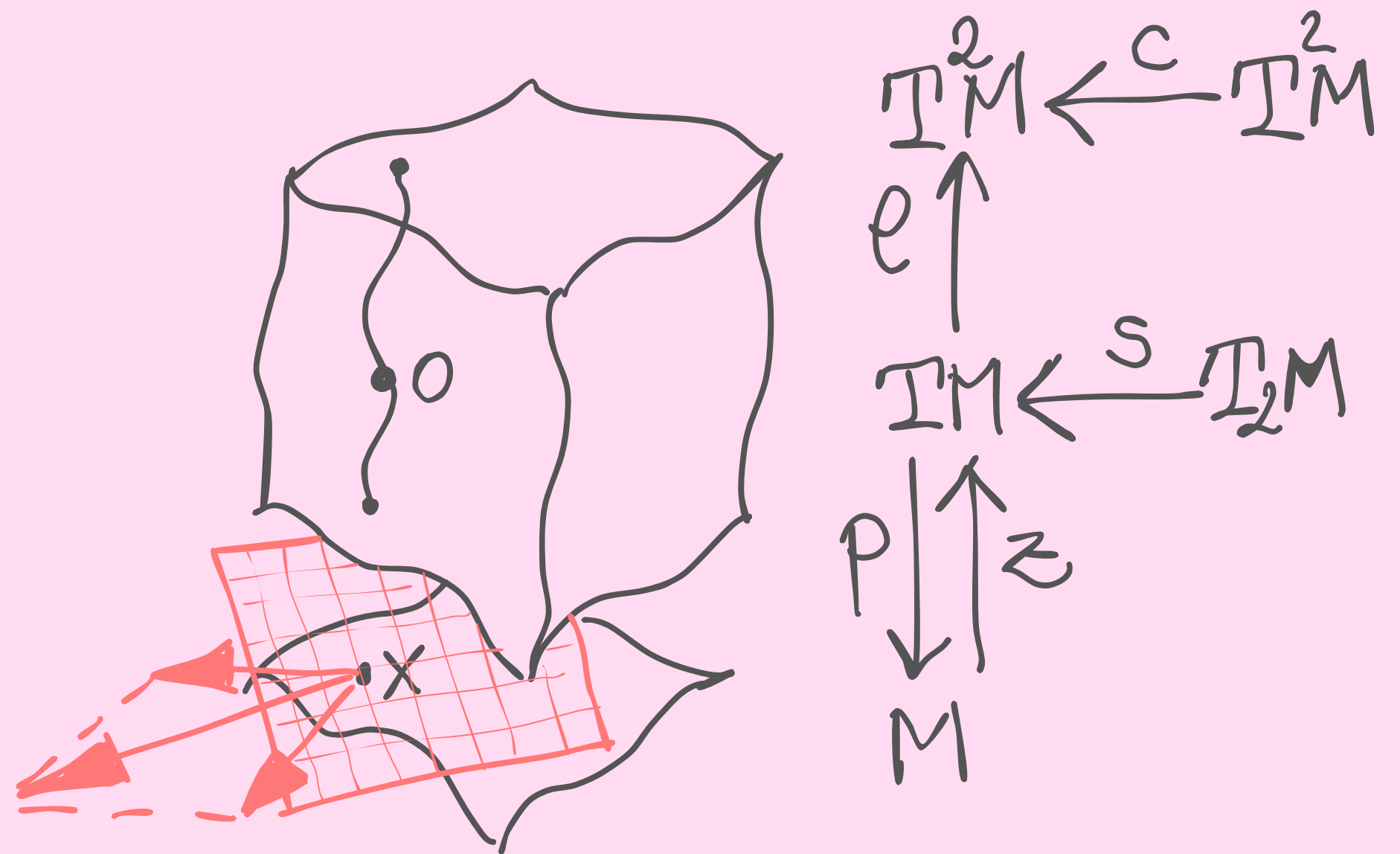
ZERO MORPHISM

SUM MORPHISM

VERTICAL LIFT

CANONICAL FLIP

THE FLIP ENCODES THE SYMMETRY
OF THE HESSIAN MATRIX

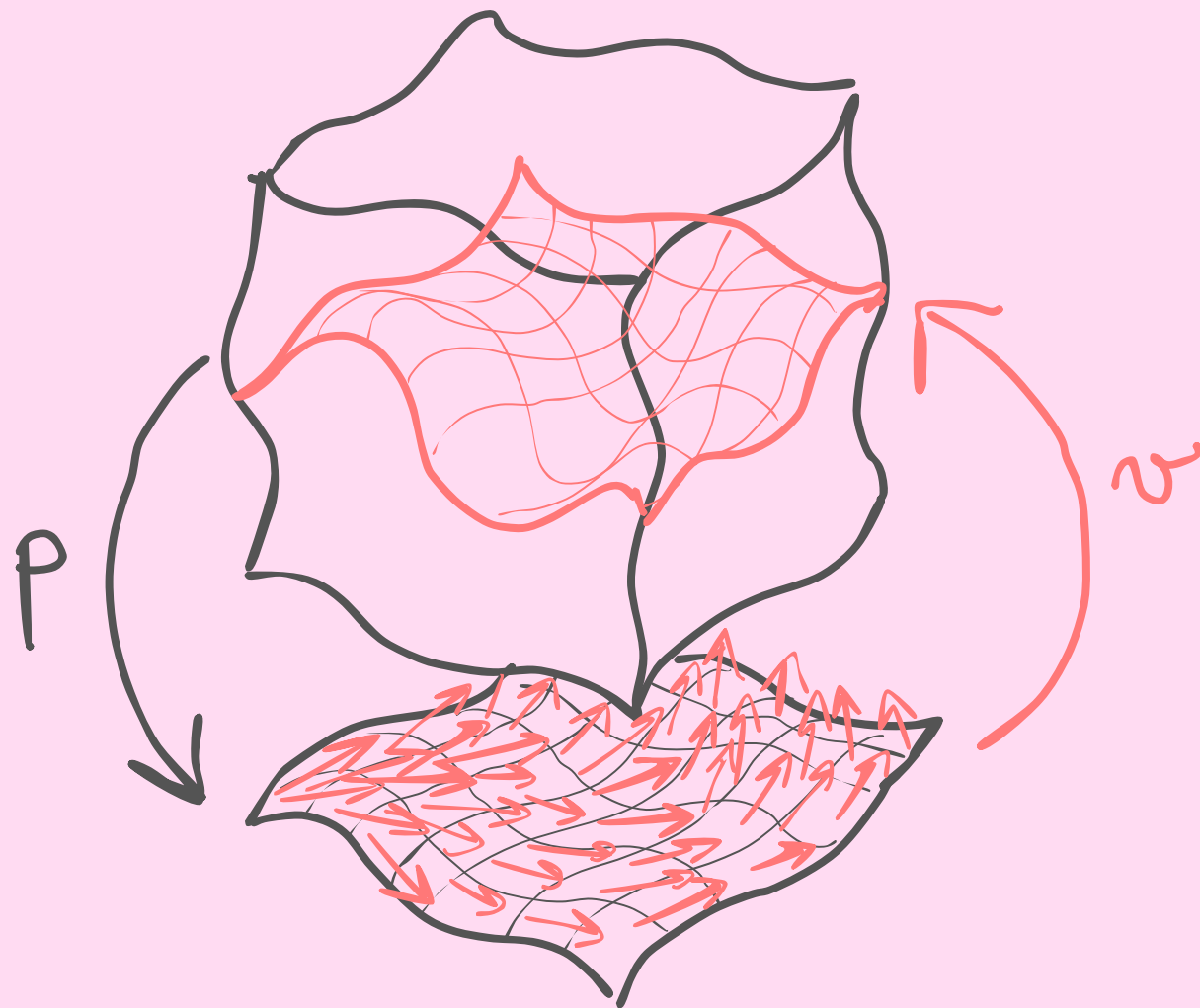


VECTOR FIELDS

ROSICKY 1984

DEFINITION

A VECTOR FIELD IS A
SECTION OF THE PROJECTION

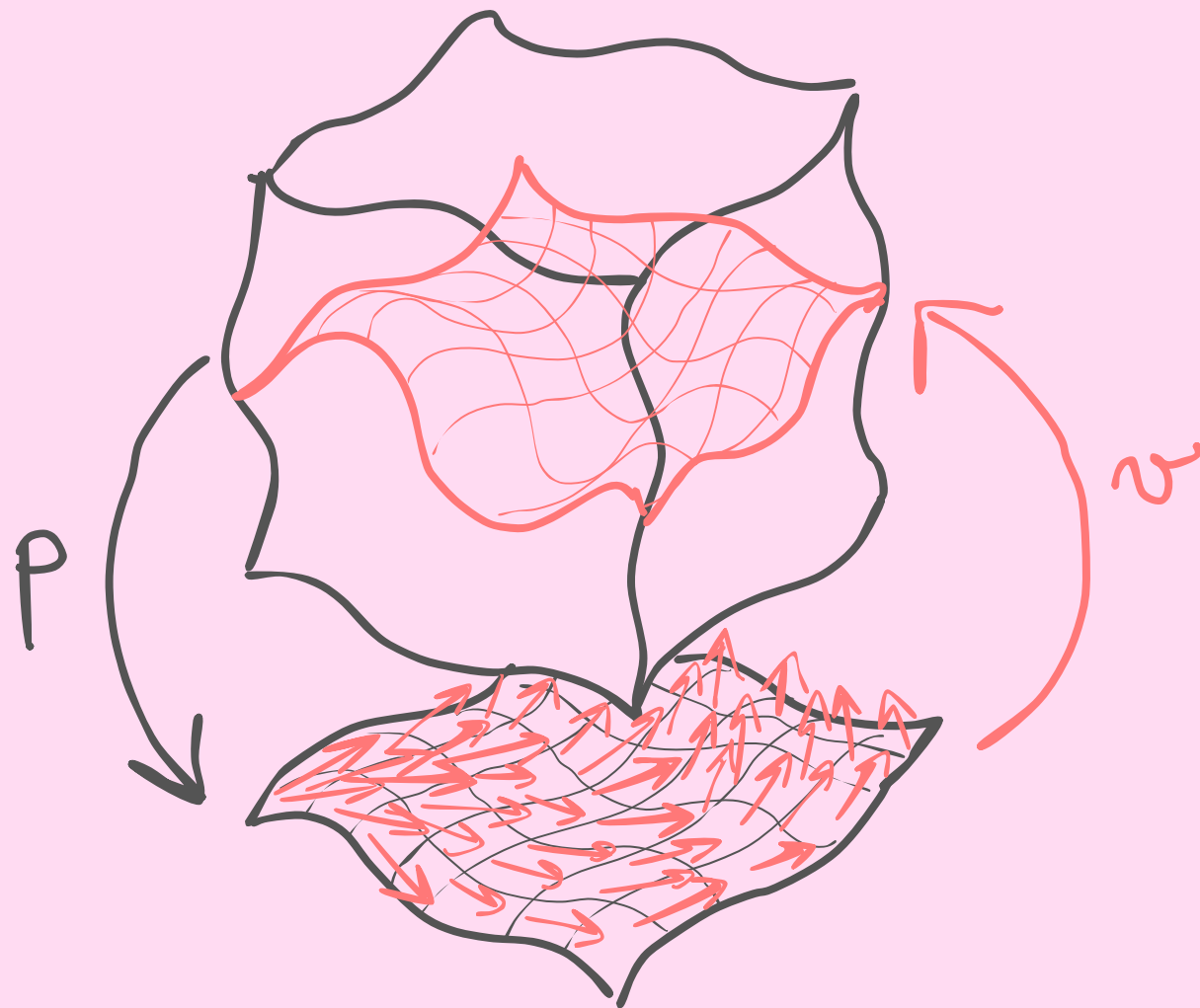


TANGENT CATEGORY OF VECTOR FIELDS

COCKETT
CRUTTWELL, LEMAY 2021

DEFINITION

A VECTOR FIELD IS A
SECTION OF THE PROJECTION



VECTOR FIELDS FORM
A TANGENT CATEGORY

$$(M, v: M \rightarrow TM)$$

$$f: (M, v) \rightarrow (N, u)$$

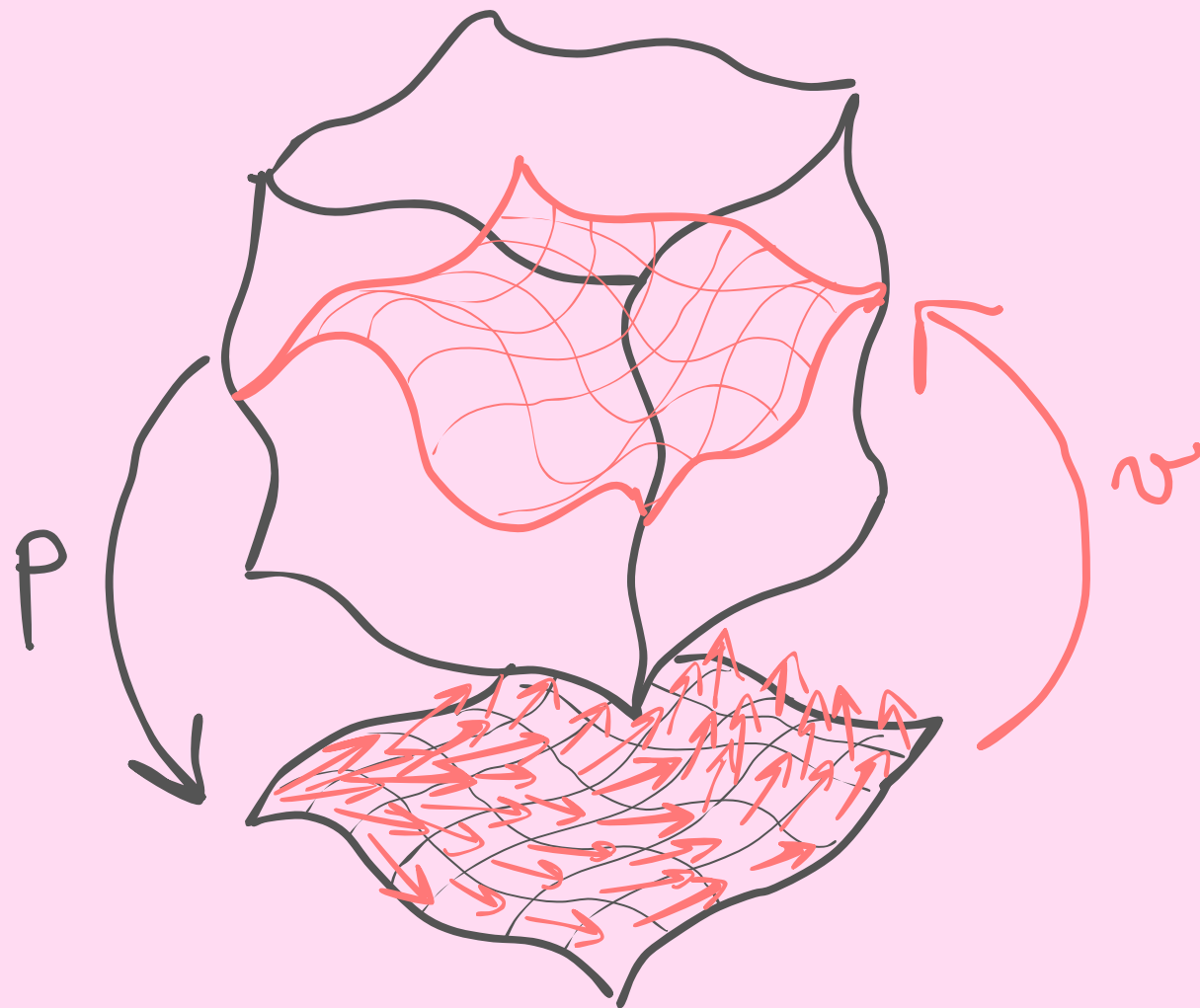
$$\begin{array}{ccc} TM & \xrightarrow{If} & TN \\ v \uparrow & & \uparrow u \\ M & \xrightarrow{f} & N \end{array}$$

TANGENT CATEGORY OF VECTOR FIELDS

COCKETT
CRUTTWELL, LEMAY 2021

DEFINITION

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VECTOR FIELDS FORM
A TANGENT CATEGORY

$$(M, v: M \rightarrow TM)$$

$$f: (M, v) \rightarrow (N, w)$$

$$T(M, v) = (TM, v_T)$$

$$v_T: TM \xrightarrow{Tv} T^2M \xrightarrow{\subset} T^2M$$

DIFFERENTIAL GEOMETRY

ROSICKY 1984

EXAMPLE

OBJECTS

SMOOTH MANIFOLDS

MORPHISMS

SMOOTH FUNCTIONS

TANGENT STRUCTURE

TANGENT BUNDLE OF DIFF GEOM

VECTOR FIELDS

USUAL NOTION OF VECTOR FIELDS

ALGEBRAIC GEOMETRY

COCKETT, CRUTTWELL 2014
CRUTTWELL, LEMAY 2023

EXAMPLE

OBJECTS

COMMUTATIVE AND UNITAL RINGS (AFFINE SCHEMES)

MORPHISMS

RING HOMOMORPHISMS OPPOSITE

TANGENT STRUCTURE

$$\mathbb{T}A = \mathrm{Sym}_A \Omega_A$$

VECTOR FIELDS

DERIVATIONS

ALGEBRAIC GEOMETRY

COCKETT, CRUTTWELL 2014
CRUTTWELL, LEMAY 2023

EXAMPLE

OBJECTS

COMMUTATIVE AND UNITAL RINGS (AFFINE SCHEMES)

MORPHISMS

RING HOMOMORPHISMS OPPOSITE

TANGENT STRUCTURE

$$\mathbb{T}A = \text{Sym}_A \Omega_A$$

symmetric algebra

Module of Kähler
differentials

VECTOR FIELDS

DERIVATIONS

CHAPTER 1

WHY WE NEED TANGENT OBJECTS

TANGENT
OBJECTS
ARE **FORMAL**
TANGENT
CATEGORIES.

TANGENT OBJECT

DEFINITION

A TANGENT OBJECT IN A 2-CATEGORY CONSISTS OF:

OBJECT

TANGENT BUNDLE 1-MORPHISM

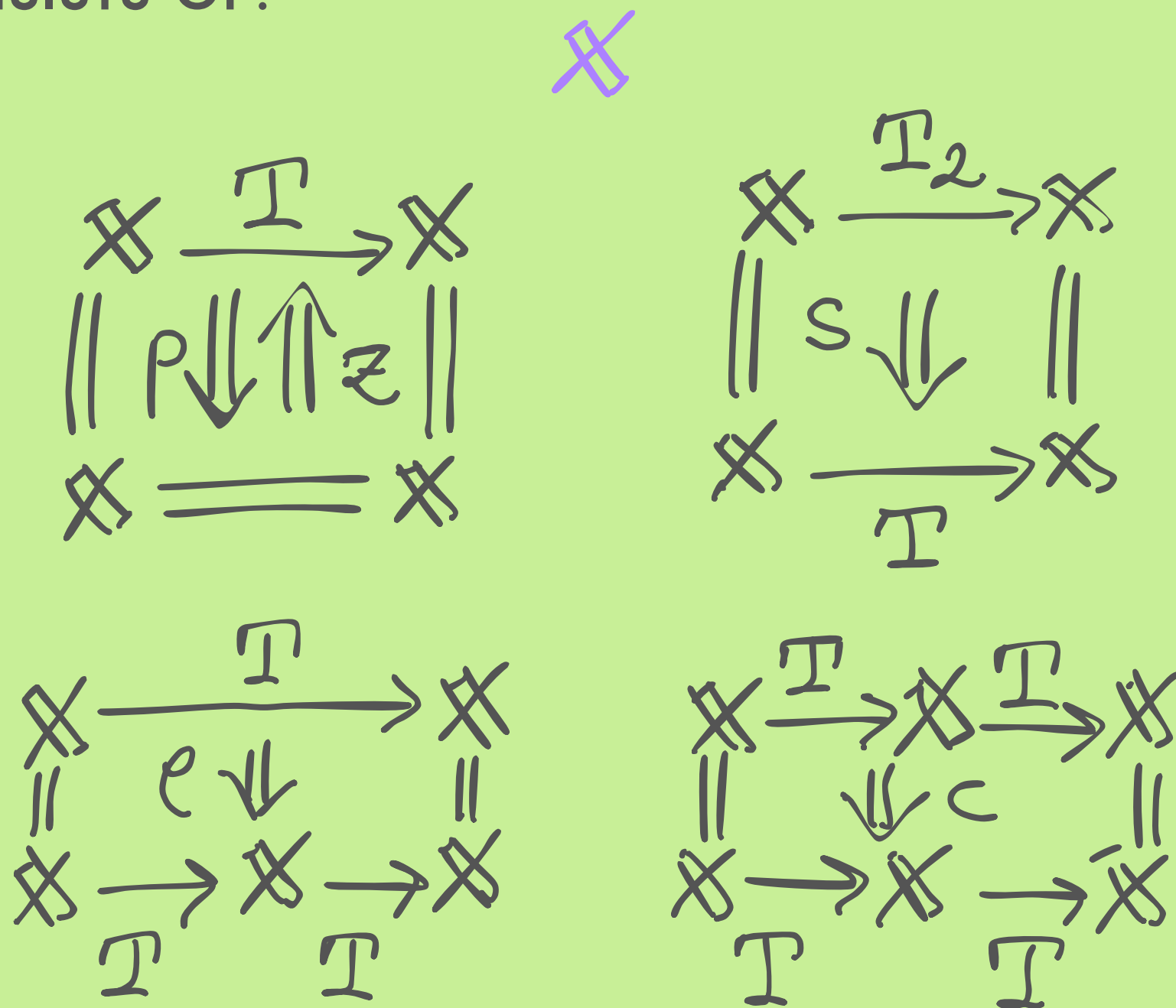
PROJECTION

ZERO MORPHISM

SUM MORPHISM

VERTICAL LIFT

CANONICAL FLIP



TANGENT OBJECT

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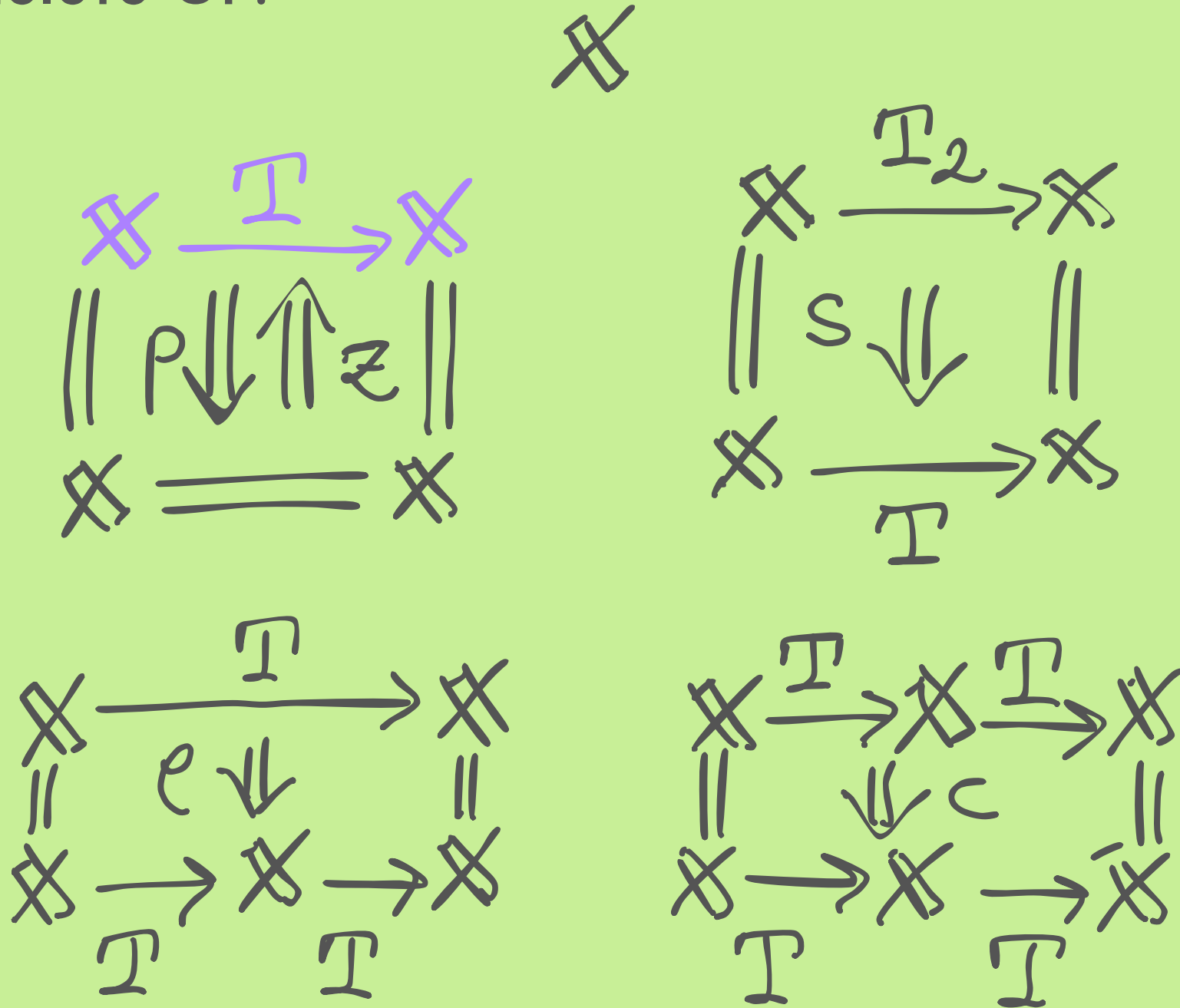
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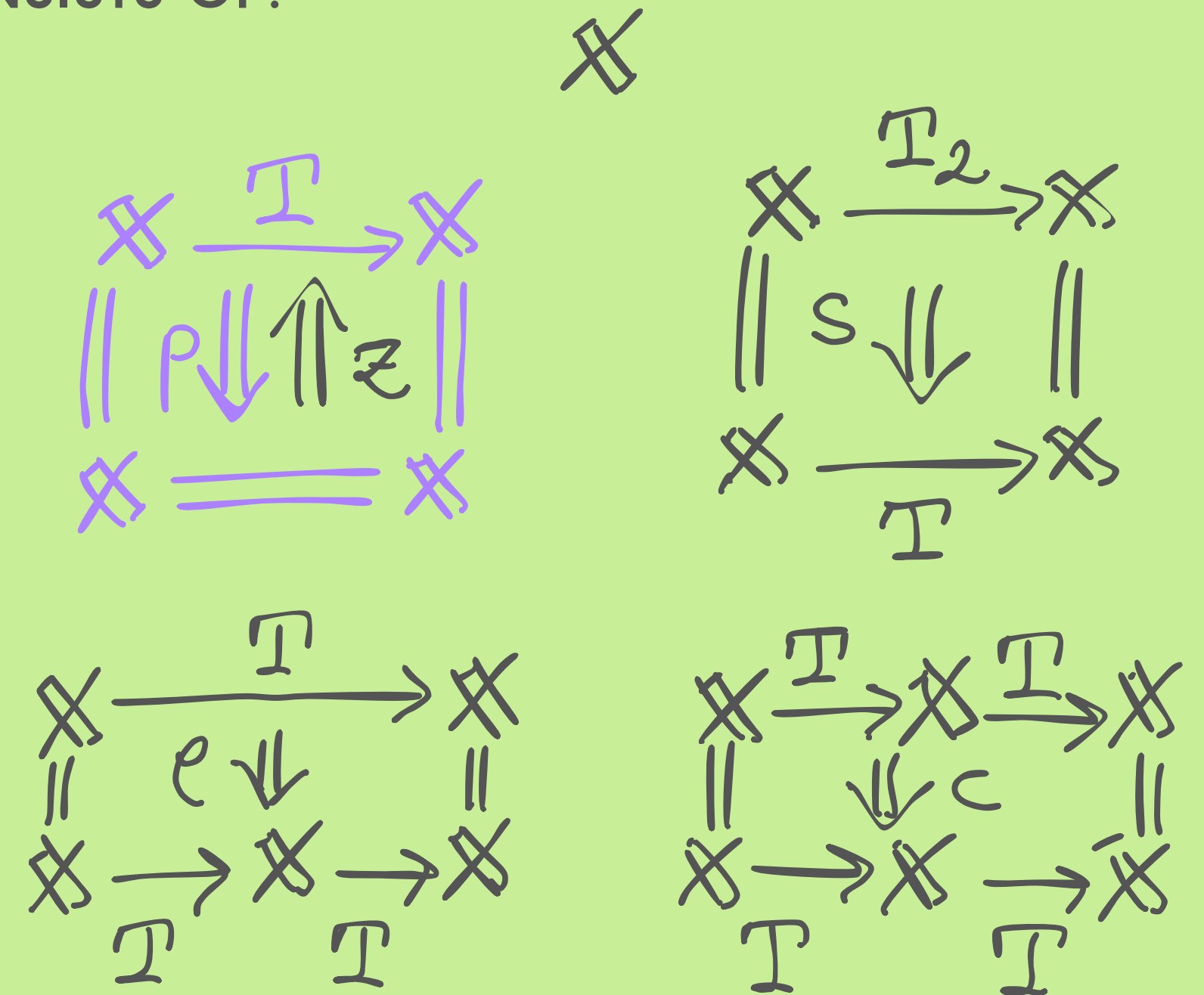
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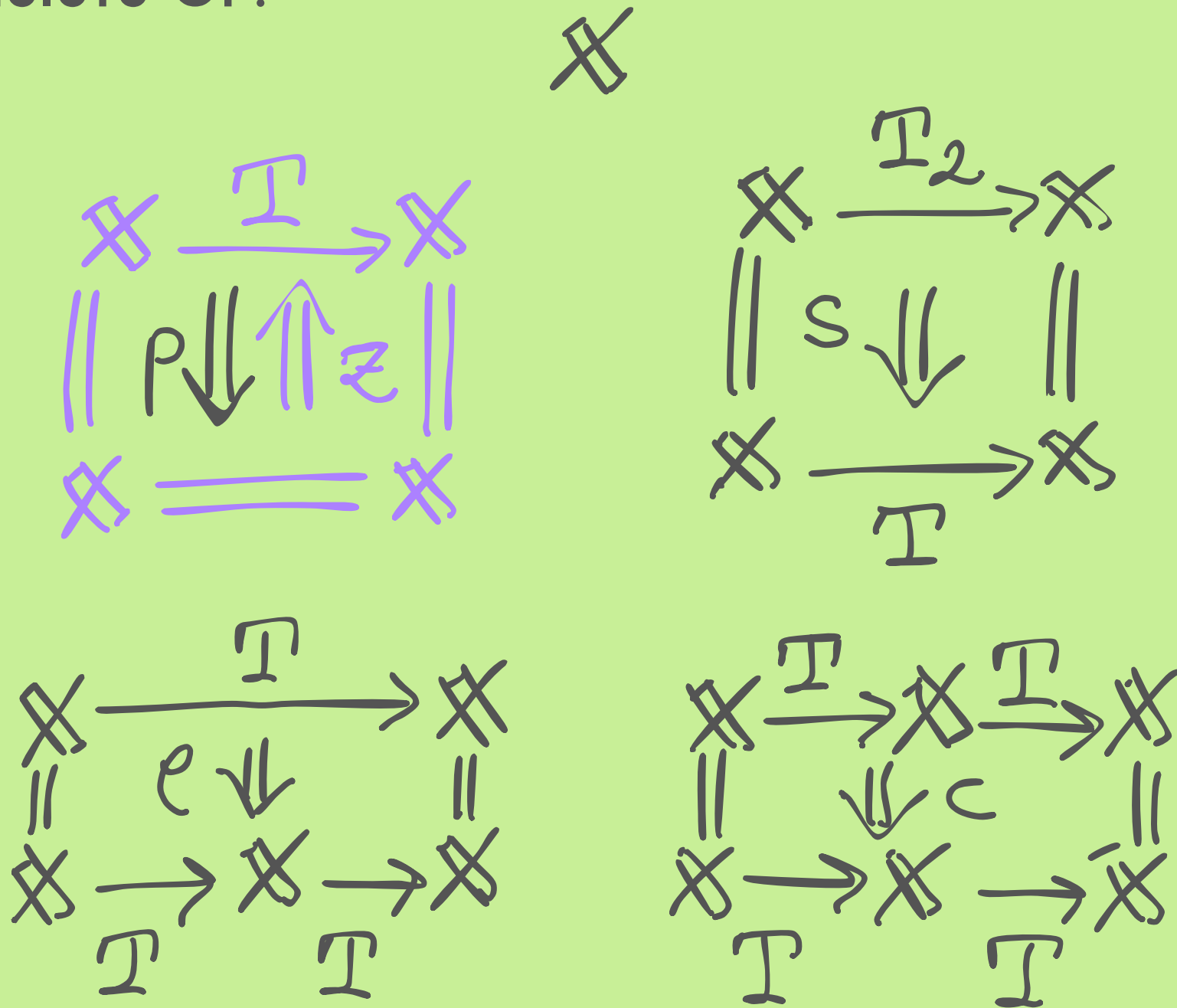
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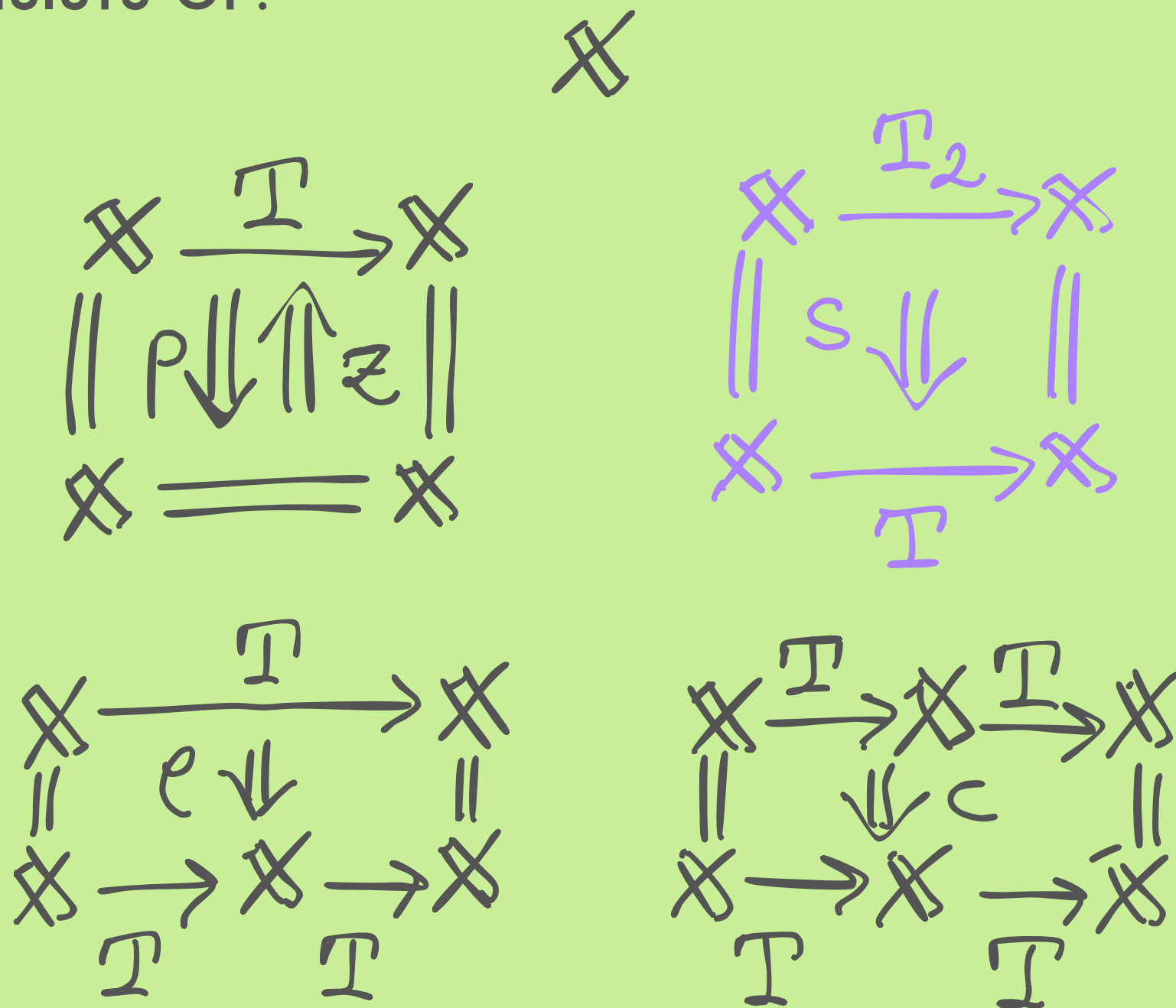
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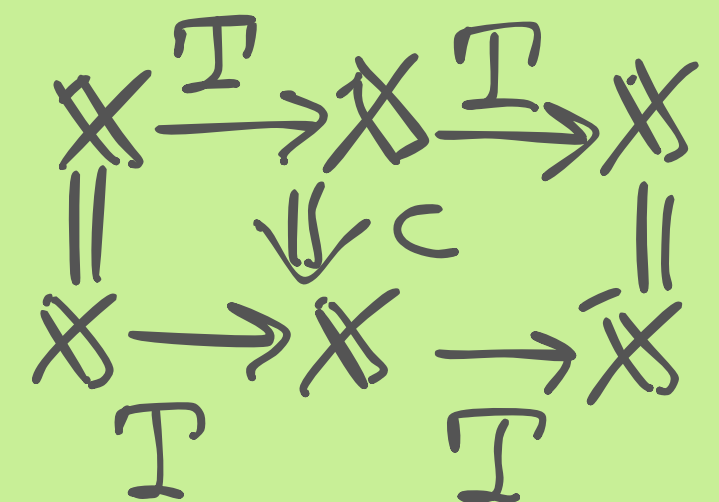
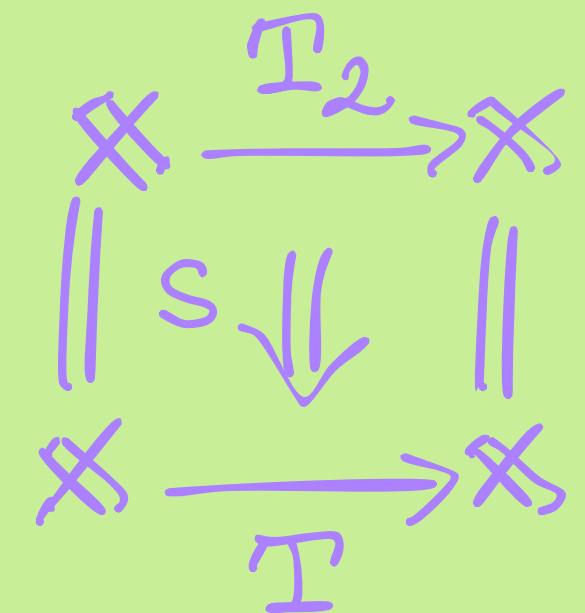
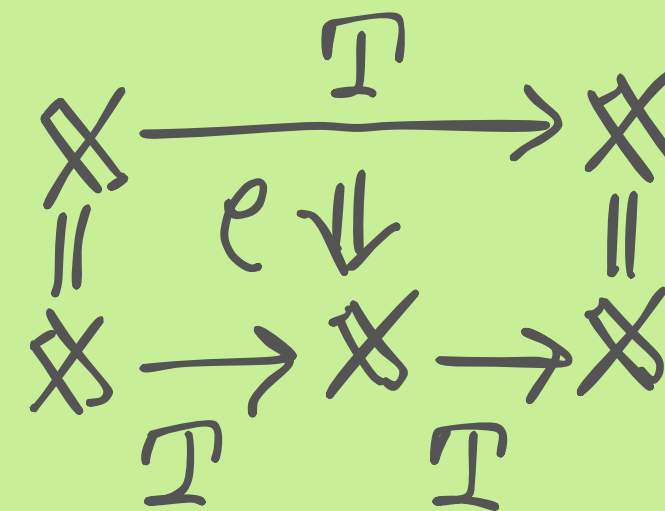
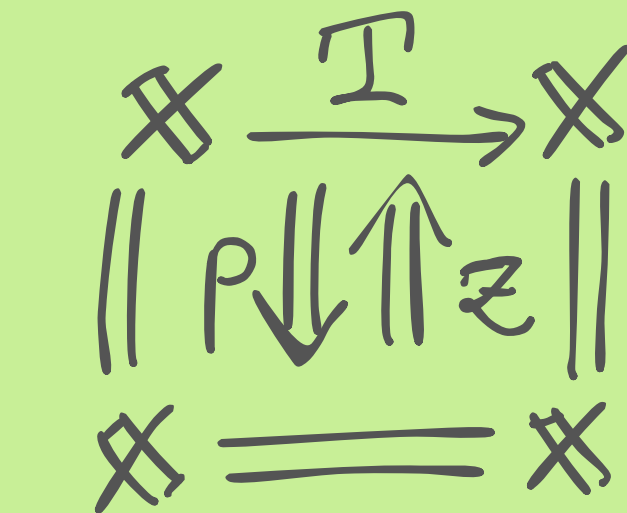
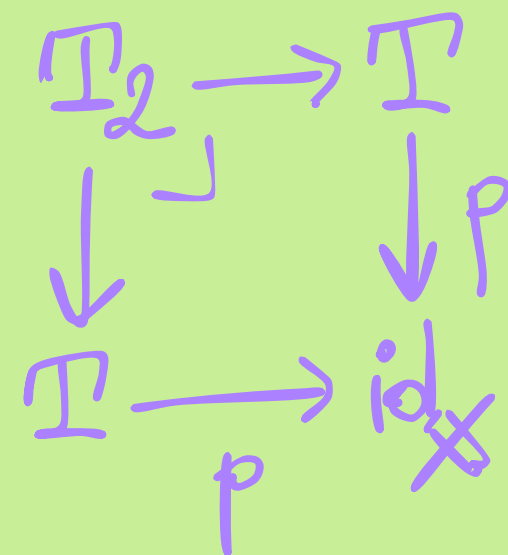
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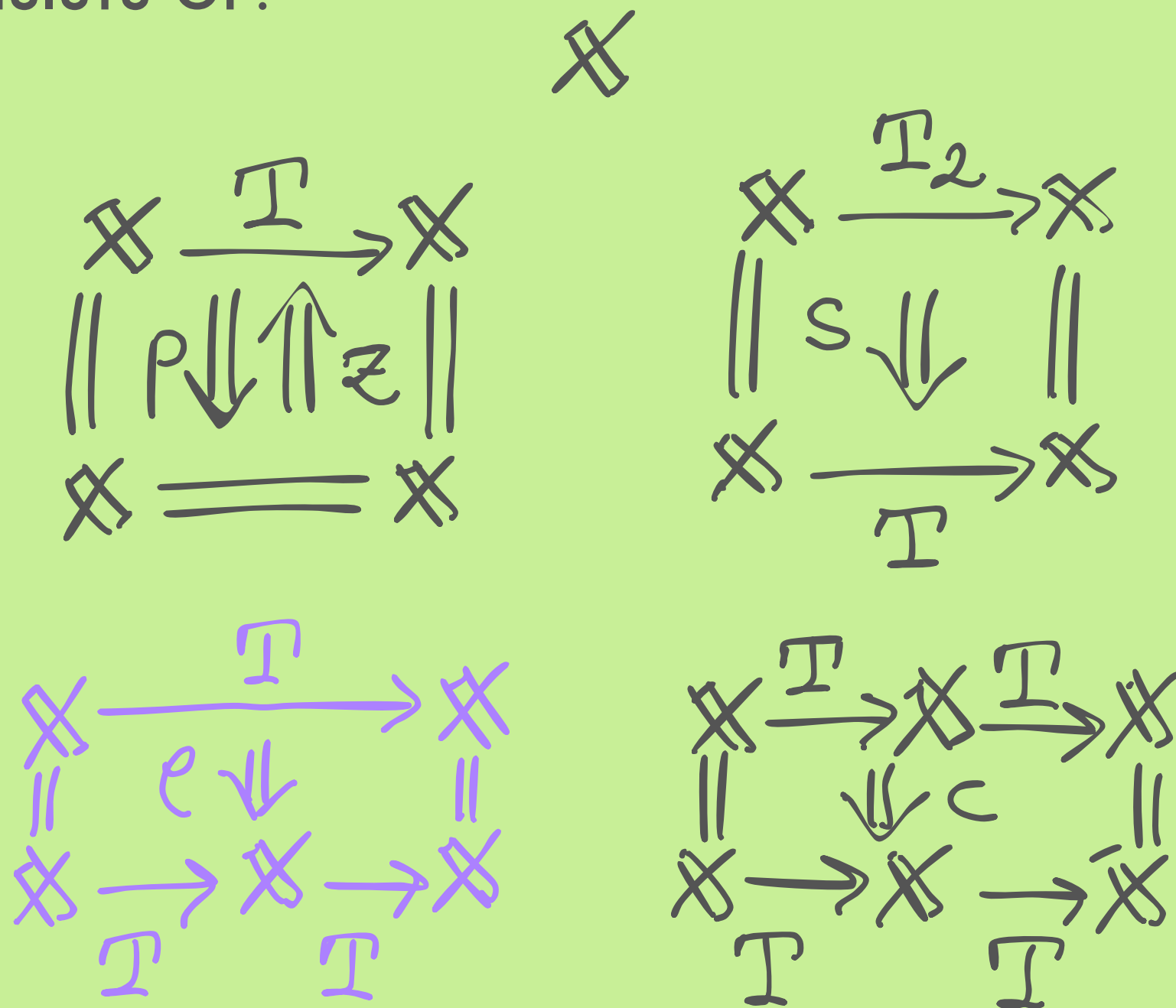
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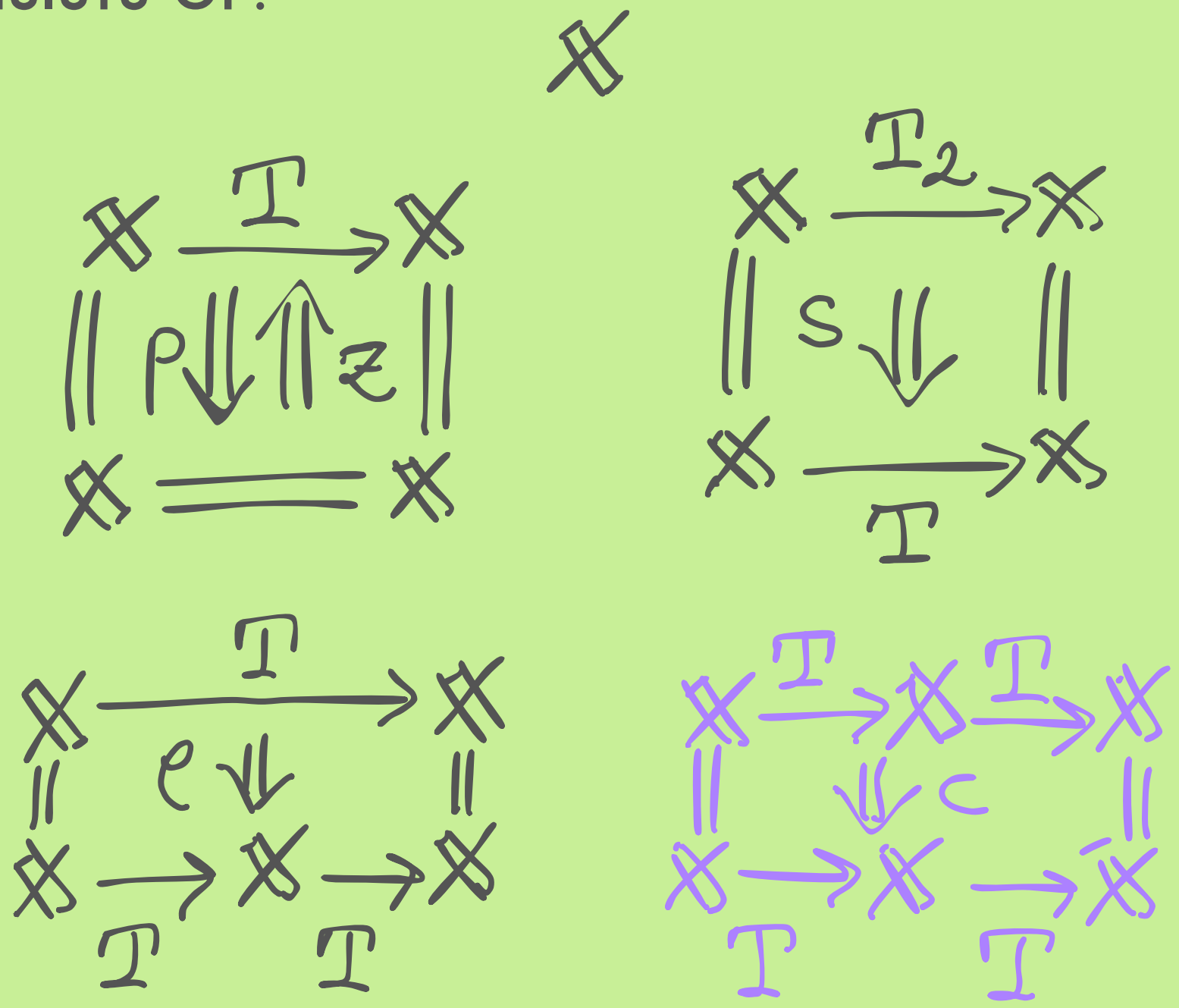
PROJECTION

ZERO MORPHISM

SUM MORPHISM

VERTICAL LIFT

CANONICAL FLIP



TANGENT OBJECT

EXAMPLE

TANGENT CATEGORIES ARE
TANGENT OBJECTS IN CAT

TANGENT MONADS ARE
TANGENT OBJECTS IN MND

TANGENT FIBRATIONS ARE
TANGENT OBJECTS IN FIB

EXAMPLE

TANGENT OBJECT

TANGENT CATEGORIES ARE
TANGENT OBJECTS IN CAT

TANGENT MONADS ARE
TANGENT OBJECTS IN MND

TANGENT FIBRATIONS ARE
TANGENT OBJECTS IN FIB

MND:

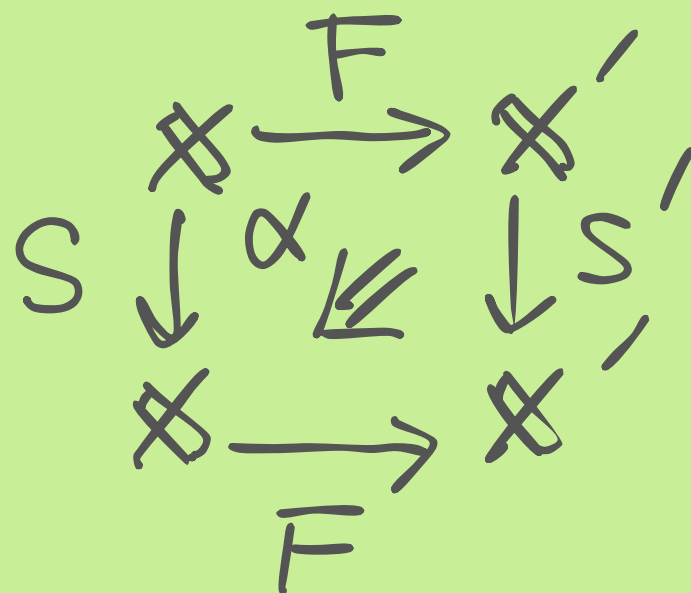
Objects: (X, S)

Category

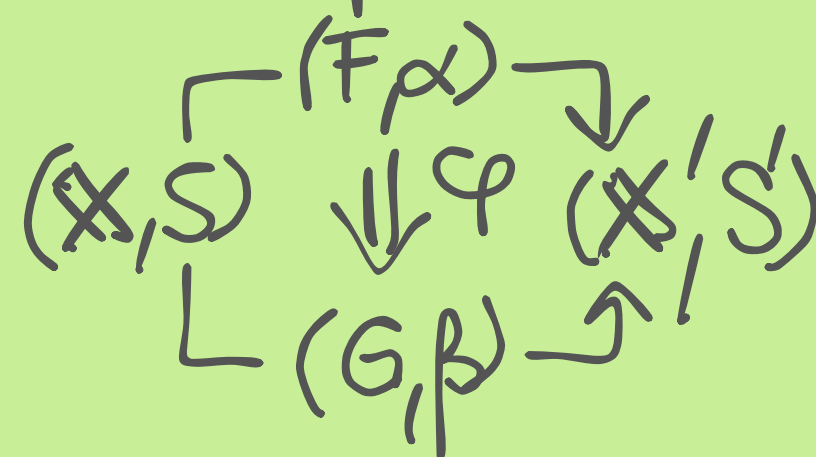
Monad on X

Morphisms:

$$(F, \alpha): (X, S) \rightarrow (X', S')$$



2-Morphisms:



$\varphi: F \Rightarrow G$
+ compatibility

TANGENT OBJECT

COCKETT, LEMAY
LUCYSHYN-WRIGHT 2019

EXAMPLE

TANGENT CATEGORIES ARE
TANGENT OBJECTS IN CAT

TANGENT MONADS ARE
TANGENT OBJECTS IN MND

TANGENT FIBRATIONS ARE
TANGENT OBJECTS IN FIB

Tangent monads
are monads in TNGCAT

$$\text{MND}(\text{TNG}(\mathbb{K})) \cong \text{TNG}(\text{MND}(\mathbb{K}))$$

So tangent monads
are tangent objects in MND

EXAMPLE

TANGENT OBJECT

TANGENT CATEGORIES ARE
TANGENT OBJECTS IN CAT

TANGENT MONADS ARE
TANGENT OBJECTS IN MND

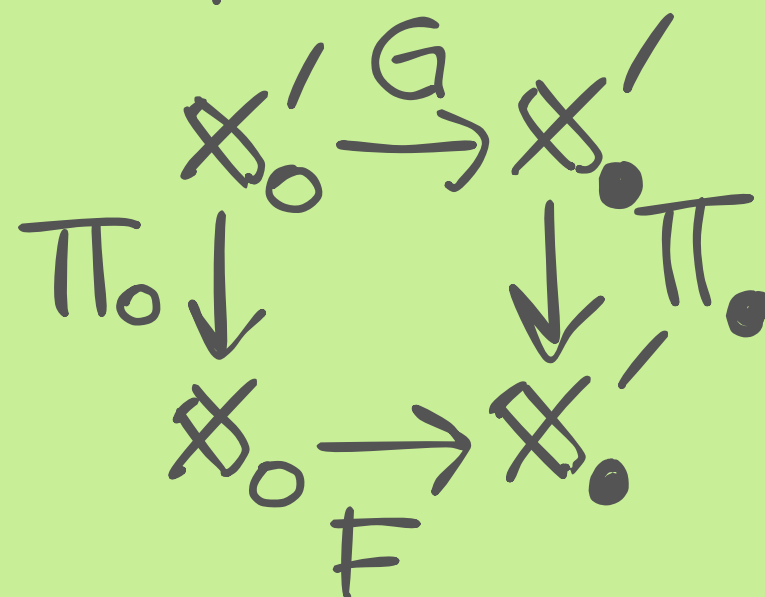
TANGENT FIBRATIONS ARE
TANGENT OBJECTS IN FIB

FIB: Categories

Objects: $(X, X', \pi: X' \rightarrow X)$
Fibration

Morphisms:

$(F, G): \pi_0 \rightarrow \pi_0$



2-Morphisms:

$\begin{array}{c} \lceil (F, G) \rceil \\ \pi_0 \quad \Downarrow (\varphi, \psi) \quad \pi_\bullet \\ \lfloor (F', G') \rfloor \end{array}$

$\varphi: F \Rightarrow F' \quad \psi: G \Rightarrow G'$
+ compatibility

TANGENT OBJECT

COCKETT, CRUTTWELL 2017

EXAMPLE

TANGENT CATEGORIES ARE
TANGENT OBJECTS IN CAT

TANGENT MONADS ARE
TANGENT OBJECTS IN MND

TANGENT FIBRATIONS ARE
TANGENT OBJECTS IN FIB

Tangent fibrations are
fibrations between tangent cats
s.t. tang. bundle functors preserve
cartesian lifts.

$$\text{TNG}(\text{FIB}) \cong \text{TNGFIB}$$

RESTRICTION TANGENT CATEGORIES

COCKETT, CRUTTWELL 2014

NON-EXAMPLE

A RESTRICTION TANGENT CATEGORY
CONSISTS OF:

RESTRICTION CATEGORY

TANGENT BUNDLE RESTRICTION FUNCTOR

PROJECTION

ZERO MORPHISM

SUM MORPHISM

VERTICAL LIFT

CANONICAL FLIP

HOWEVER PULLBACKS ARE REPLACED
WITH RESTRICTION PULLBACKS!

CHAPTER 2

VECTOR FIELDS BUT FORMALLY

VECTOR FIELDS
FORM THE
UNIVERSAL
VECTOR FIELD
OF THE
GLOBAL
TANGENT
CATEGORY.

THE GLOBAL TANGENT CATEGORY

GIVEN A TANGENT CATEGORY

$$(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{I})$$

THE SLICE 2-CATEGORY

$$\text{TNGCAT}/(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{I})$$

COMES EQUIPPED WITH A
TANGENT STRUCTURE

THE GLOBAL TANGENT CATEGORY

GIVEN A TANGENT CATEGORY

$$(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

THE SLICE 2-CATEGORY

$$\text{TNGCAT}/(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

COMES EQUIPPED WITH A
TANGENT STRUCTURE

$$\text{Objects: } (F, \alpha): (\mathbb{X}', \mathbb{T}') \longrightarrow (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

$$F: \mathbb{X}' \longrightarrow \mathbb{X} \quad \alpha: FT' \rightrightarrows TF$$

$$\text{1-Morphisms: } (H, \gamma; \varphi): (F, \alpha) \longrightarrow (G, \beta)$$

THE GLOBAL TANGENT CATEGORY

GIVEN A TANGENT CATEGORY

$$(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

THE SLICE 2-CATEGORY

$$\text{TNGCAT}/(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

COMES EQUIPPED WITH A
TANGENT STRUCTURE

Objects: $(F, \alpha): (\mathbb{X}', \mathbb{T}') \longrightarrow (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$
 $F: \mathbb{X}' \longrightarrow \mathbb{X} \quad \alpha: FT' \rightrightarrows TF$

1-Morphisms: $(H, \gamma; \varphi): (F, \alpha) \longrightarrow (G, \beta)$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 (\mathbb{X}'', \mathbb{T}'') & & \\
 \uparrow (H, \gamma) & \nearrow \varphi & \downarrow (G, \beta) \\
 (\mathbb{X}', \mathbb{T}') & \xrightarrow{(F, \alpha)} & (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})
 \end{array}$$

THE GLOBAL TANGENT CATEGORY

GIVEN A TANGENT CATEGORY

$$(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

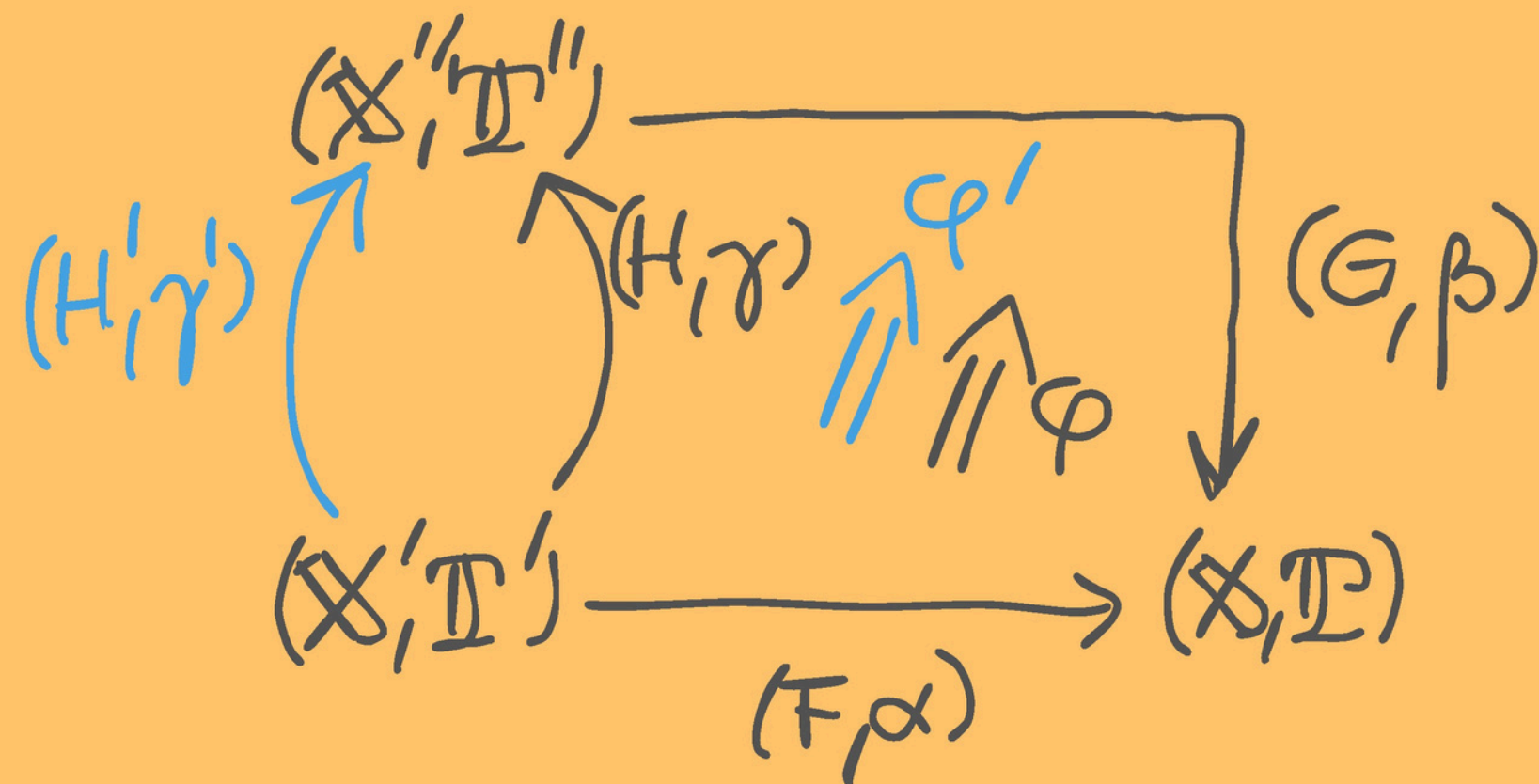
THE SLICE 2-CATEGORY

$$\text{TNGCAT}/(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

COMES EQUIPPED WITH A
TANGENT STRUCTURE

Objects: $(F, \alpha): (\mathbb{X}', \mathbb{T}') \longrightarrow (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$
 $F: \mathbb{X}' \longrightarrow \mathbb{X} \quad \alpha: FT' \rightrightarrows TF$

1-Morphisms: $(H, \gamma; \varphi): (F, \alpha) \longrightarrow (G, \beta)$



THE GLOBAL TANGENT CATEGORY

GIVEN A TANGENT CATEGORY

$$(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

THE SLICE 2-CATEGORY

$$\text{TNGCAT}/(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

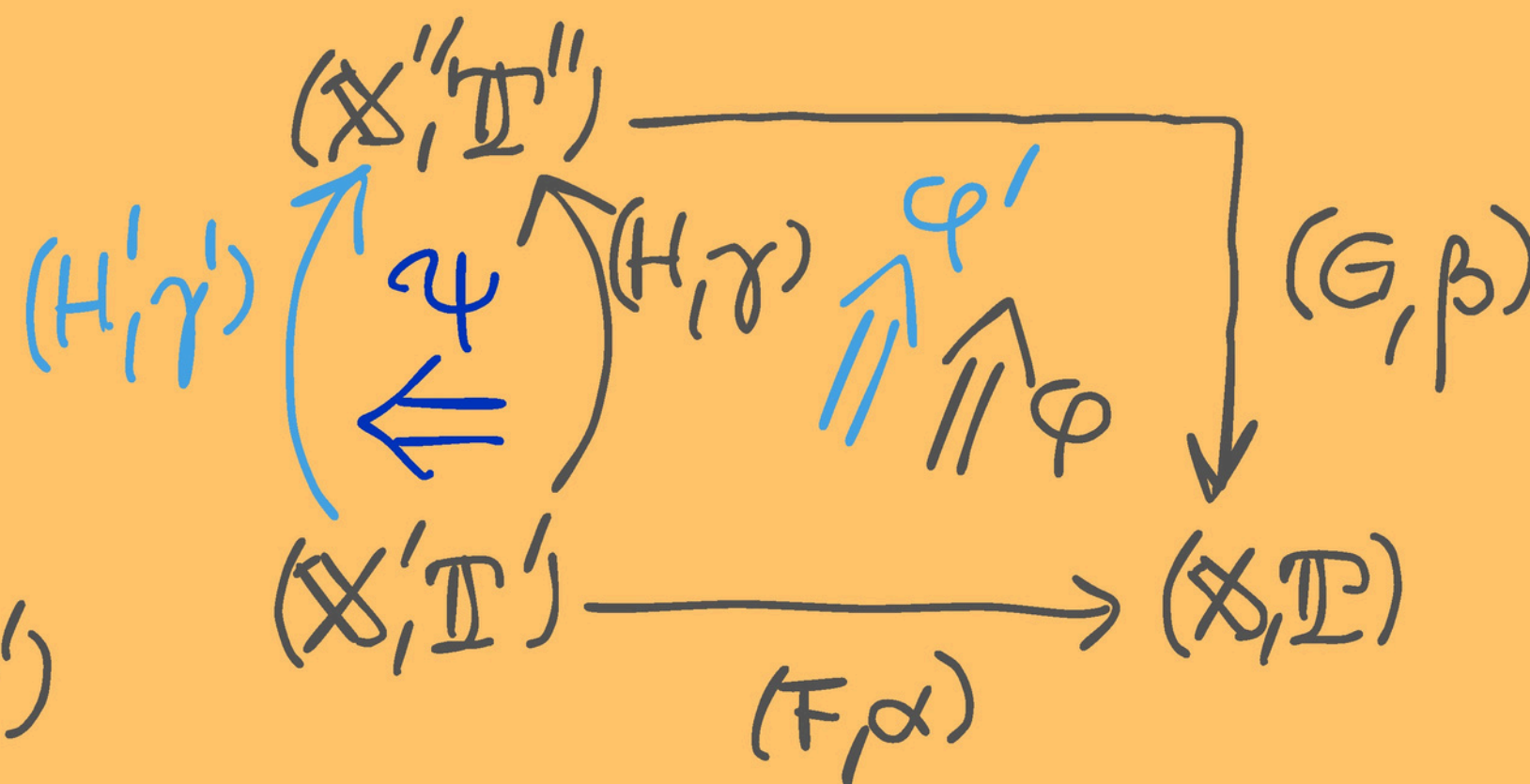
COMES EQUIPPED WITH A
TANGENT STRUCTURE

2-morphisms:

$$\varphi: (H, \gamma; \varphi) \Rightarrow (H', \gamma'; \varphi')$$

Objects: $(F, \alpha): (\mathbb{X}', \mathbb{T}') \longrightarrow (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$
 $F: \mathbb{X}' \longrightarrow \mathbb{X} \quad \alpha: FT' \Rightarrow TF$

1-Morphisms: $(H, \gamma; \varphi): (F, \alpha) \longrightarrow (G, \beta)$



THE GLOBAL TANGENT CATEGORY

GIVEN A TANGENT CATEGORY

$$(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

THE SLICE 2-CATEGORY

$$\text{TNGCAT}/(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

COMES EQUIPPED WITH A
TANGENT STRUCTURE

$$\overline{\mathbb{T}}[(F, \alpha)] := (\mathbb{X}', \mathbb{T}') \xrightarrow{(F, \alpha)} (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) \xrightarrow{(\mathbb{T}, c)} (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

THE GLOBAL TANGENT CATEGORY

LET'S CONSIDER THE
FORGETFUL FUNCTOR:

$$U: \text{VF}(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) \rightarrow (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

↑ Tangent category
of vector fields
of (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})

THE GLOBAL TANGENT CATEGORY

LET'S CONSIDER THE
FORGETFUL FUNCTOR:

$$U: VF(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) \longrightarrow (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} (M, \nu) & & M \\ \downarrow f & & \downarrow f \\ (N, \mu) & & N \end{array}$$

U STRICTLY PRESERVES
THE TANGENT STRUCTURE

THE GLOBAL TANGENT CATEGORY

LET'S CONSIDER THE
FORGETFUL FUNCTOR:

$$U: VF(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) \longrightarrow (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} (M, \nu) & & M \\ f \downarrow & & f \downarrow \\ (N, \mu) & & N \end{array}$$

U STRICTLY PRESERVES
THE TANGENT STRUCTURE

SO U BECOMES AN OBJECT OF

$$\text{TNGCAT}/(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

THE GLOBAL TANGENT CATEGORY

LET'S CONSIDER THE FORGETFUL FUNCTOR:

$$U: VF(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) \longrightarrow (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} (M, \nu) & & M \\ \downarrow f & & \downarrow f \\ (N, \mu) & & N \end{array}$$

U STRICTLY PRESERVES THE TANGENT STRUCTURE

SO U BECOMES AN OBJECT OF

$$\text{TNGCAT}/(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

U HAS A CANONICAL VECTOR FIELD

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \hat{v}: U & \longrightarrow & \overline{T}U \\ VF(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) & \xrightarrow{U} & (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) \\ \parallel & \nearrow \hat{v} & \downarrow (T, c) \\ VF(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) & \xrightarrow{U} & (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) \end{array}$$

THE GLOBAL TANGENT CATEGORY

LET'S CONSIDER THE FORGETFUL FUNCTOR:

$$U: VF(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) \longrightarrow (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} (M, \nu) & & M \\ \downarrow f & & \downarrow f \\ (N, \mu) & & N \end{array}$$

U STRICTLY PRESERVES THE TANGENT STRUCTURE

SO U BECOMES AN OBJECT OF

$$\text{TNGCAT}/(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

U HAS A CANONICAL VECTOR FIELD

$$\hat{v}: U \longrightarrow \bar{T}U$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} VF(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) & \xrightarrow{U} & (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) \\ \parallel & \hat{v} \nearrow & \downarrow (T, c) \\ VF(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) & \xrightarrow{U} & (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) \end{array}$$

$$\hat{v}: \underbrace{U(M, \nu)}_M \longrightarrow \underbrace{\bar{T}U(M, \nu)}_{TM}$$

THE GLOBAL TANGENT CATEGORY

LET'S CONSIDER THE FORGETFUL FUNCTOR:

$$U: VF(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) \longrightarrow (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} (M, \nu) & & M \\ \downarrow f & & \downarrow f \\ (N, \omega) & & N \end{array}$$

U STRICTLY PRESERVES THE TANGENT STRUCTURE

SO U BECOMES AN OBJECT OF

$$\text{TNGCAT}/(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

U HAS A CANONICAL VECTOR FIELD

$$\hat{v}: U \longrightarrow \bar{T}U$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} VF(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) & \xrightarrow{U} & (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) \\ \parallel & \hat{v} \nearrow & \downarrow (T, c) \\ VF(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) & \xrightarrow{U} & (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) \end{array}$$

$$\hat{v}: \underbrace{U(M, \nu)}_M \longrightarrow \underbrace{\bar{T}U(M, \nu)}_{\bar{T}M}$$

$$M \xrightarrow{\nu} \bar{T}M$$

THE UNIVERSAL PROPERTY OF VECTOR FIELDS

THEOREM

$$(U, \hat{v})$$

IS THE UNIVERSAL VECTOR FIELD OF

$$TNGCAT/(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{I})$$

THEOREM

THE UNIVERSAL PROPERTY OF VECTOR FIELDS

CONSIDER AN OBJECT

$$(F, \alpha) : (X', \mathbb{T}') \longrightarrow (X, \mathbb{T})$$

OF

$$\text{TNGCAT}/(X, \mathbb{T})$$

TOGETHER WITH A VECTOR FIELD

$$u : (F, \alpha) \longrightarrow \bar{\mathbb{T}}(F, \alpha)$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 (X', \mathbb{T}') & \xrightarrow{(F, \alpha)} & (X, \mathbb{T}) \\
 \parallel & \nearrow u & \downarrow (\mathbb{T}, c) \\
 (X', \mathbb{T}') & \xrightarrow{(F, \alpha)} & (X, \mathbb{T})
 \end{array}$$

THEOREM

THE UNIVERSAL PROPERTY OF VECTOR FIELDS

CONSIDER AN OBJECT

$$(F, \alpha): (X', \mathbb{T}') \longrightarrow (X, \mathbb{T})$$

OF

$$\text{TNGCAT}/(X, \mathbb{T})$$

TOGETHER WITH A VECTOR FIELD

$$u: (F, \alpha) \rightarrow \bar{T}(F, \alpha)$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} (X', \mathbb{T}') & \xrightarrow{(F, \alpha)} & (X, \mathbb{T}) \\ \parallel & \nearrow u & \downarrow (\mathbb{T}, c) \\ (X', \mathbb{T}') & \xrightarrow{(F, \alpha)} & (X, \mathbb{T}) \end{array}$$

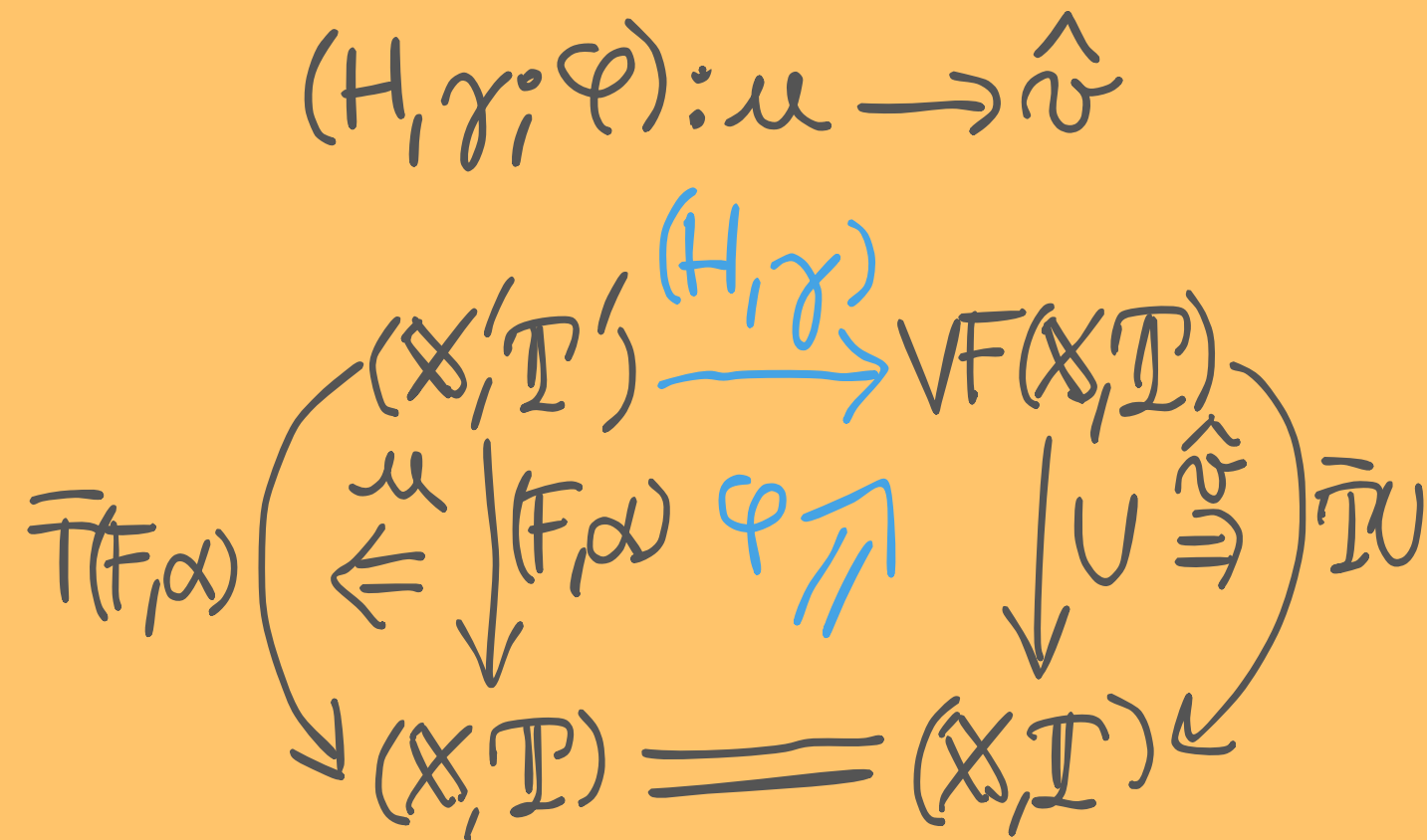
THERE EXISTS A UNIQUE
STRICT MORPHISM OF VECTOR FIELDS

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \exists! u \xrightarrow{\quad} \hat{v} & & \\ & \downarrow & \\ (X', \mathbb{T}') & \xrightarrow{\quad} & \text{VF}(X, \mathbb{T}) \\ \nwarrow u & \searrow & \downarrow U \hat{u} \\ (X, \mathbb{T}) & = & (X, \mathbb{T}) \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \bar{T}(F, \alpha) \\ \curvearrowright \\ \bar{T}U \end{array}$$

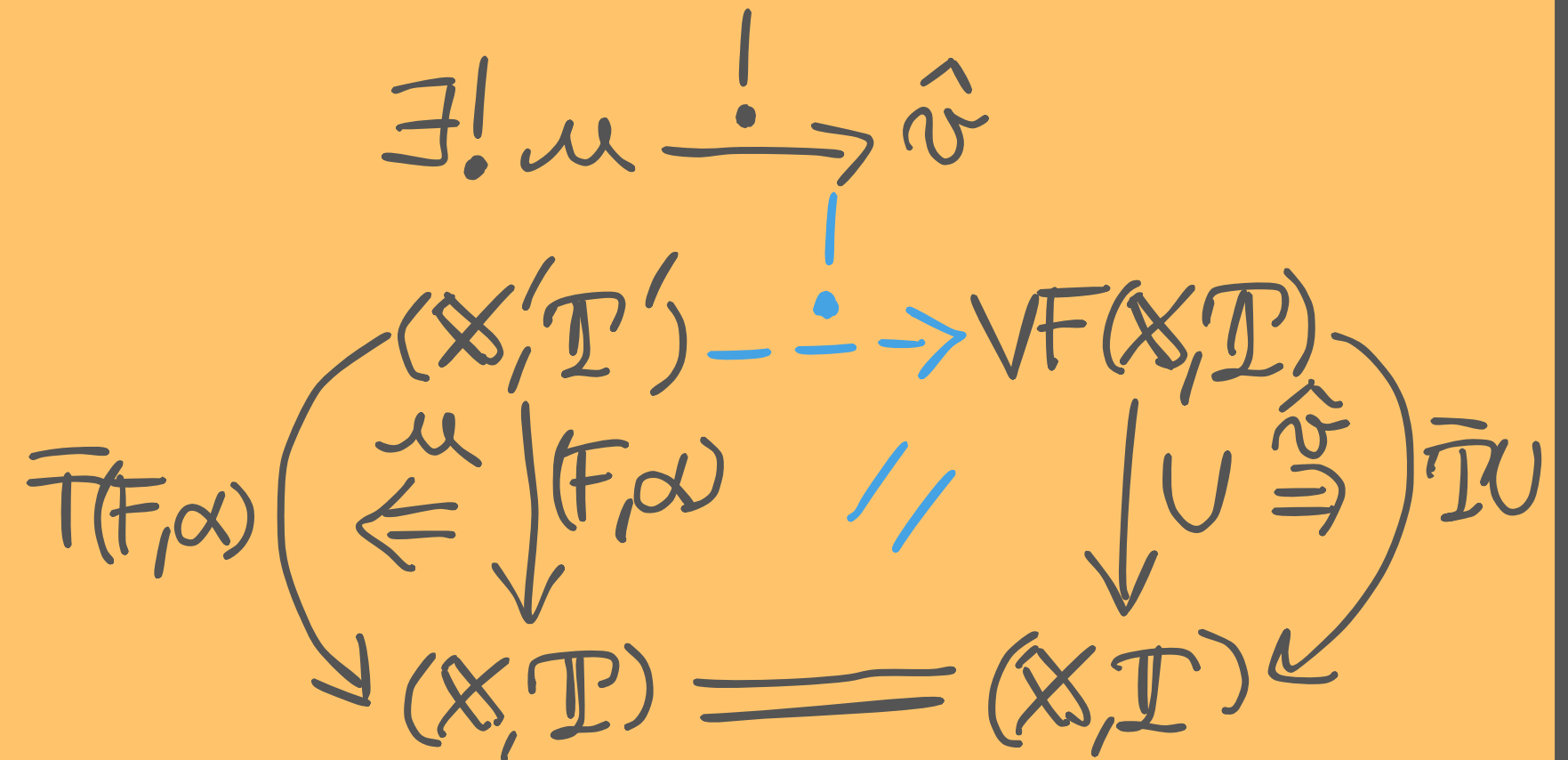
THEOREM

THE UNIVERSAL PROPERTY OF VECTOR FIELDS

S.T. FOR ANY **LAX** MORPHISM OF VECTOR FIELDS



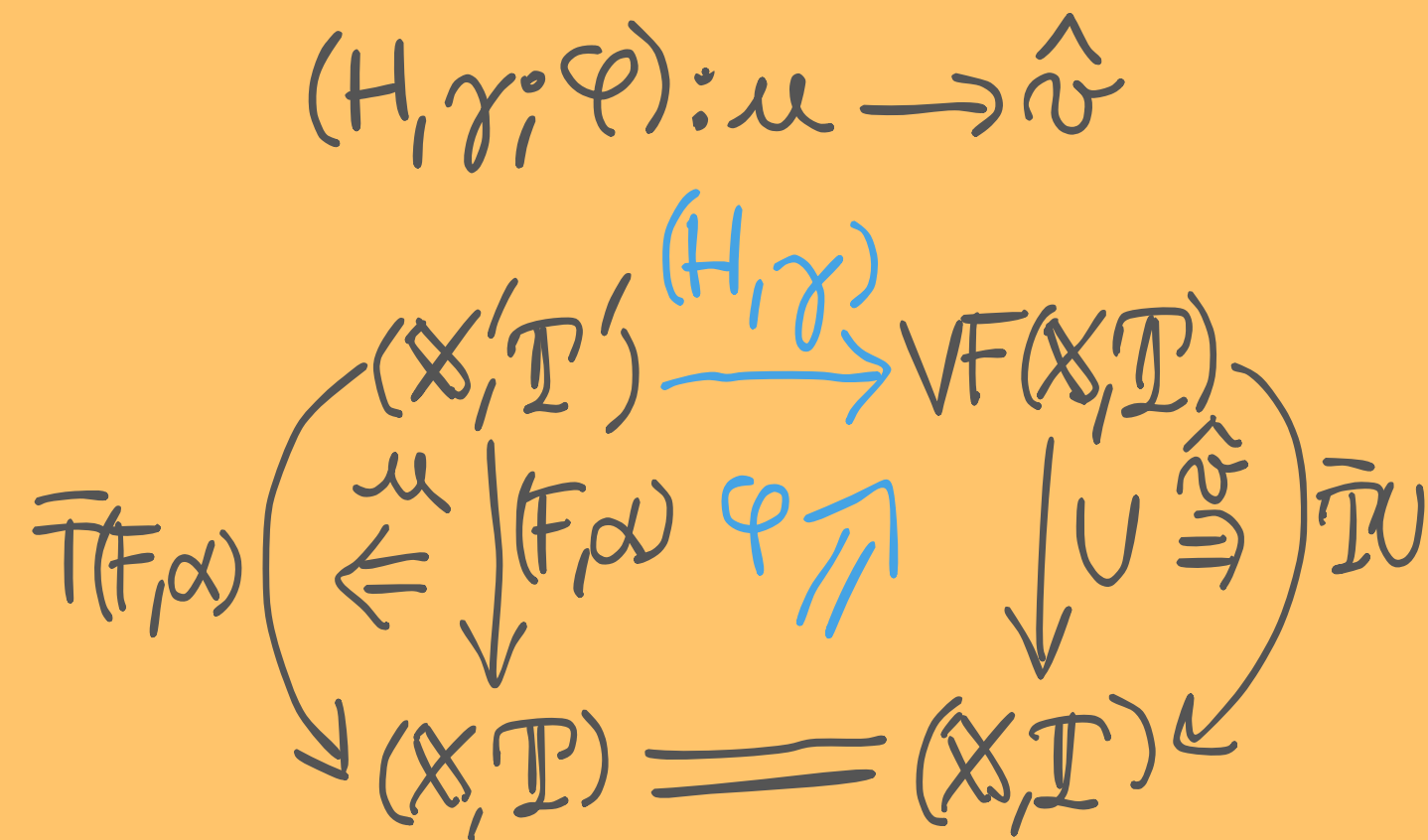
THERE EXISTS A UNIQUE STRICT MORPHISM OF VECTOR FIELDS



THEOREM

THE UNIVERSAL PROPERTY OF VECTOR FIELDS

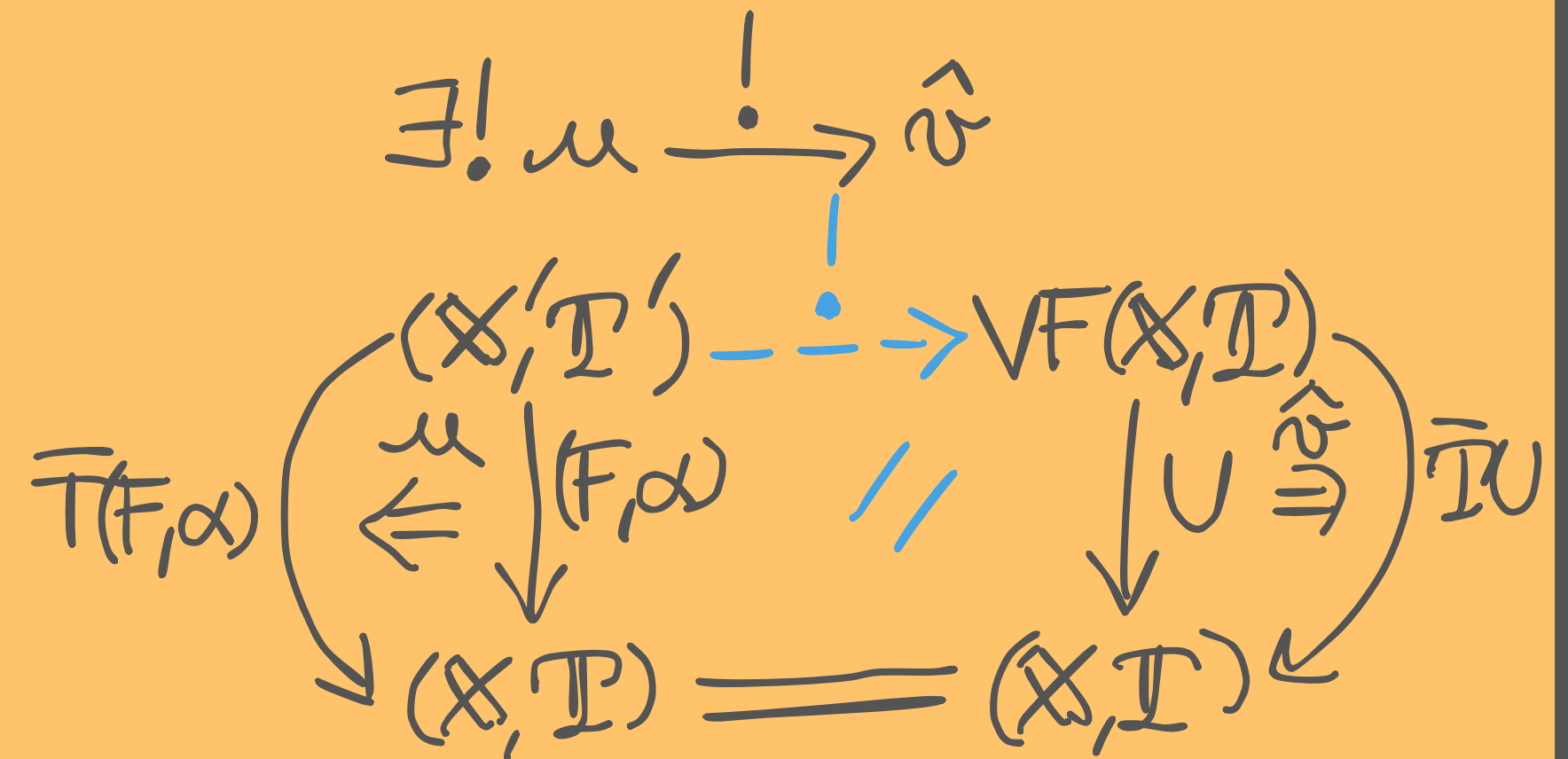
S.T. FOR ANY LAX MORPHISM OF VECTOR FIELDS



THERE EXISTS A UNIQUE 2-MORPHISM

$$! \Rightarrow (H, \gamma, \varphi)$$

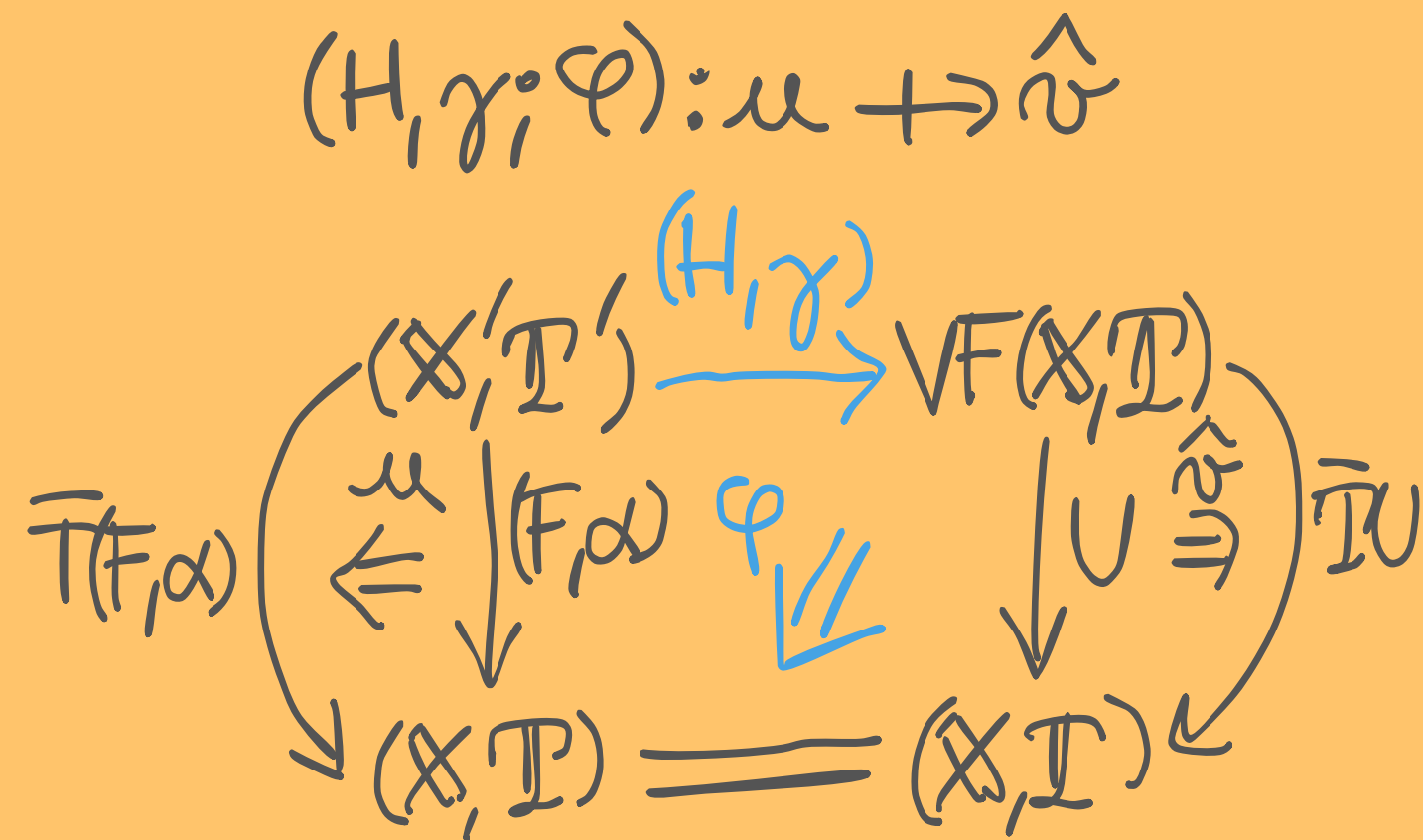
THERE EXISTS A UNIQUE STRICT MORPHISM OF VECTOR FIELDS



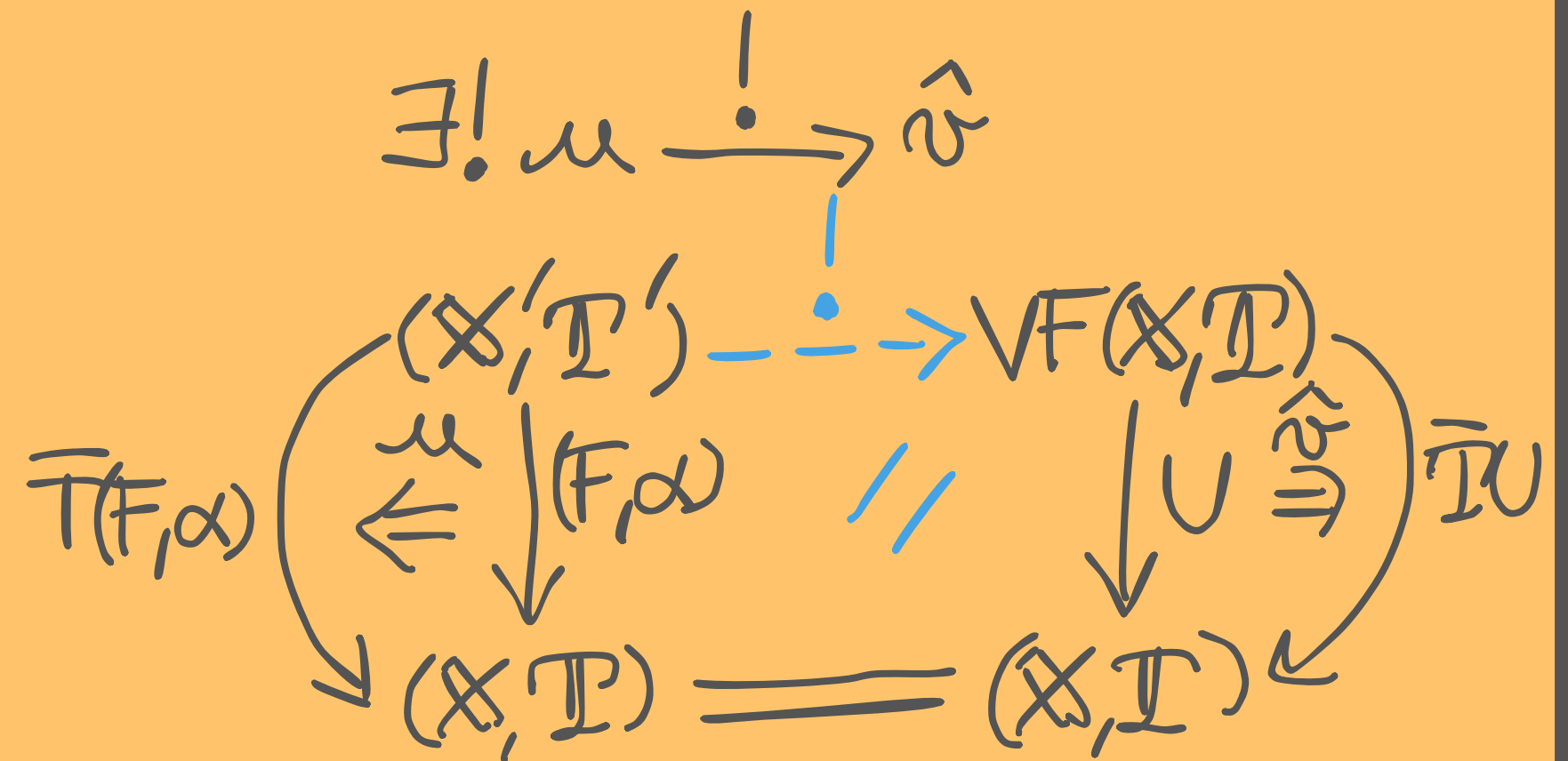
THEOREM

THE UNIVERSAL PROPERTY OF VECTOR FIELDS

AND FOR ANY COLAX MORPHISM OF VECTOR FIELDS



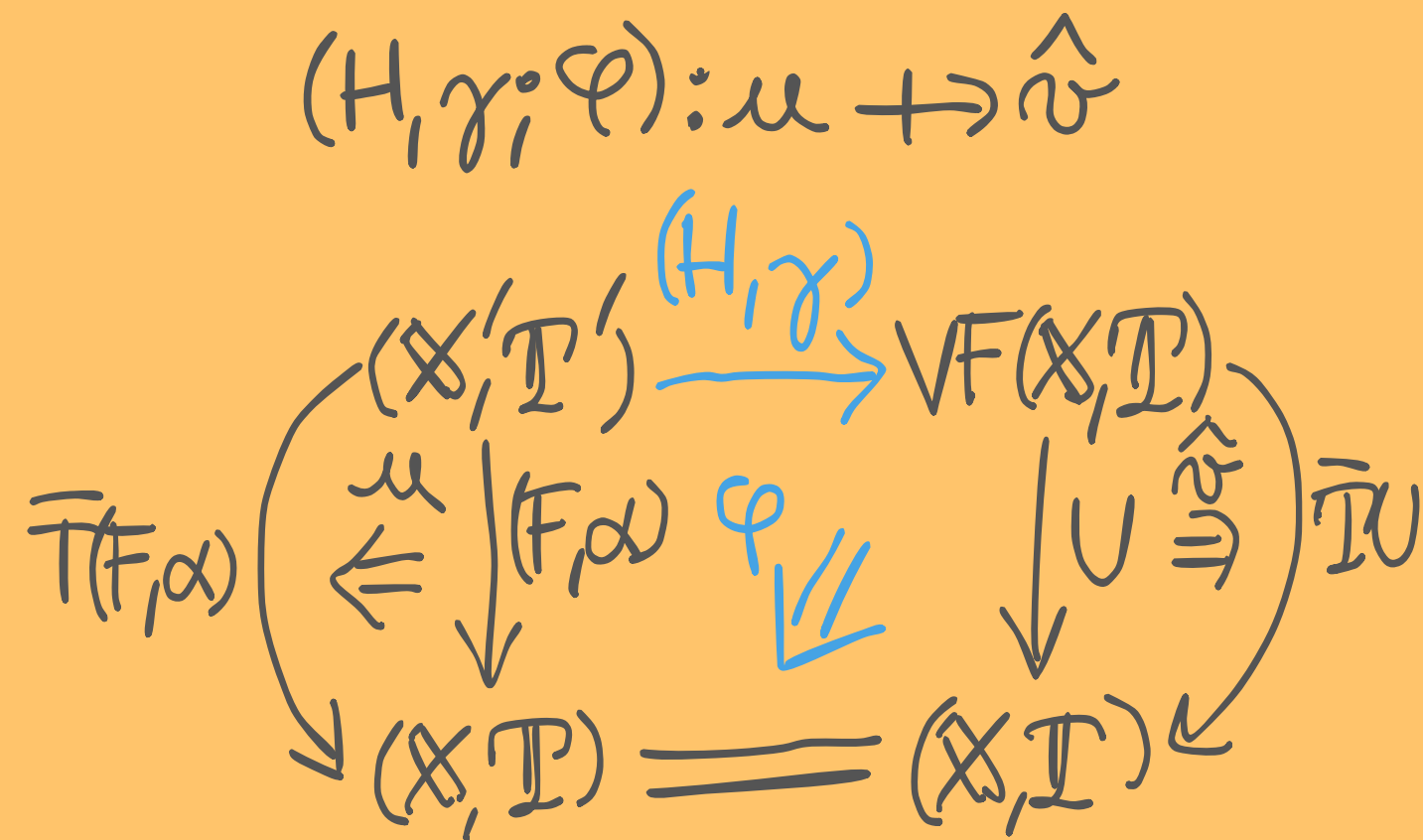
THERE EXISTS A UNIQUE STRICT MORPHISM OF VECTOR FIELDS



THEOREM

THE UNIVERSAL PROPERTY OF VECTOR FIELDS

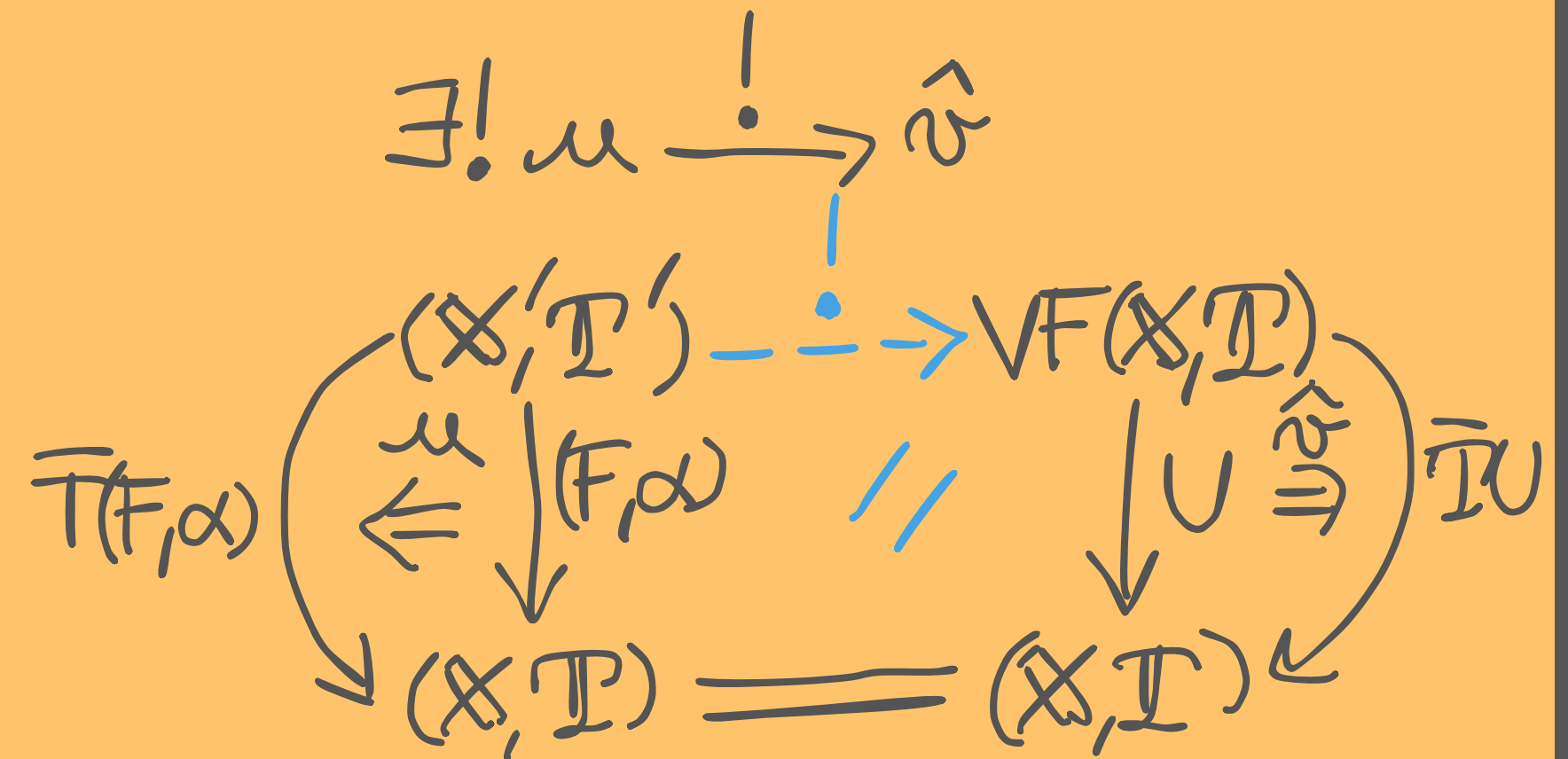
AND FOR ANY COLAX MORPHISM OF VECTOR FIELDS



THERE EXISTS A UNIQUE 2-MORPHISM

$$! \Leftarrow (H, \gamma, \varphi)$$

THERE EXISTS A UNIQUE STRICT MORPHISM OF VECTOR FIELDS



FORMAL VECTOR FIELDS

DEFINITION

A TANGENT OBJECT

$$(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

ADMITS THE CONSTRUCTION OF
VECTOR FIELDS IF THE TANGENT
CATEGORY

$$\text{TNG}(\mathbb{K})/(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

ADMITS A UNIVERSAL VECTOR FIELD

$$(U: \text{VF}(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) \rightarrow (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}), \hat{v})$$

EXAMPLE

TANGENT MONADS

CONSIDER A TANGENT MONAD:

$$(S, \alpha) : (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) \rightarrow (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

$$S : \mathbb{X} \rightarrow \mathbb{X} \text{ Monad}$$

$$\alpha : ST \Rightarrow TS \text{ Distr. law}$$

EXAMPLE

TANGENT MONADS

CONSIDER A TANGENT MONAD:

$$(S, \alpha) : (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) \longrightarrow (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

$$S : \mathbb{X} \longrightarrow \mathbb{X} \text{ Monad}$$

$$\alpha : ST \Rightarrow TS \text{ Distr. law}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} VF(S, \alpha) : VF(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) & \longrightarrow & VF(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) \\ \begin{array}{c} (M, v) \\ f \downarrow \\ (N, u) \end{array} & & \begin{array}{c} (SM, SM \xrightarrow{Sv} STM \xrightarrow{\alpha} TSM) \\ Sf \downarrow \\ (SN, SN \xrightarrow{Su} STN \xrightarrow{\alpha} TSN) \end{array} \end{array}$$

EXAMPLE

TANGENT MONADS

CONSIDER A TANGENT MONAD:

$$(S, \alpha) : (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) \rightarrow (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

$$S : \mathbb{X} \rightarrow \mathbb{X} \text{ Monad}$$

$$\alpha : ST \Rightarrow TS \text{ Distr. law}$$

$$VF(S, \alpha) : VF(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) \rightarrow VF(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

$$(M, v)$$

$$f \downarrow$$

$$(N, u)$$

$$(SM, SM \xrightarrow{Sv} STM \xrightarrow{\alpha} TSM)$$

$$Sf \downarrow$$

$$(SN, SN \xrightarrow{Su} STN \xrightarrow{\alpha} TSN)$$

THE UNIVERSAL VECTOR FIELD IS THEN:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} (VF(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}); VF(S, \alpha)) & \xrightarrow{U} & (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}; S, \alpha) \\ \parallel & \hat{v} \uparrow & \downarrow (T, c) \\ (VF(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}); VF(S, \alpha)) & \xrightarrow{U} & (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}; S, \alpha) \end{array}$$

TANGENT FIBRATIONS

EXAMPLE

CONSIDER A TANGENT FIBRATION:

$$\pi: (\mathbb{X}', \mathbb{I}') \longrightarrow (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{I})$$

$$\pi: \mathbb{X}' \longrightarrow \mathbb{X} \text{ Fibration}$$

$$(\mathbb{I}, \mathbb{I}') : \pi \rightarrow \pi \text{ Preserves cartesian lifts}$$

EXAMPLE

TANGENT FIBRATIONS

CONSIDER A TANGENT FIBRATION:

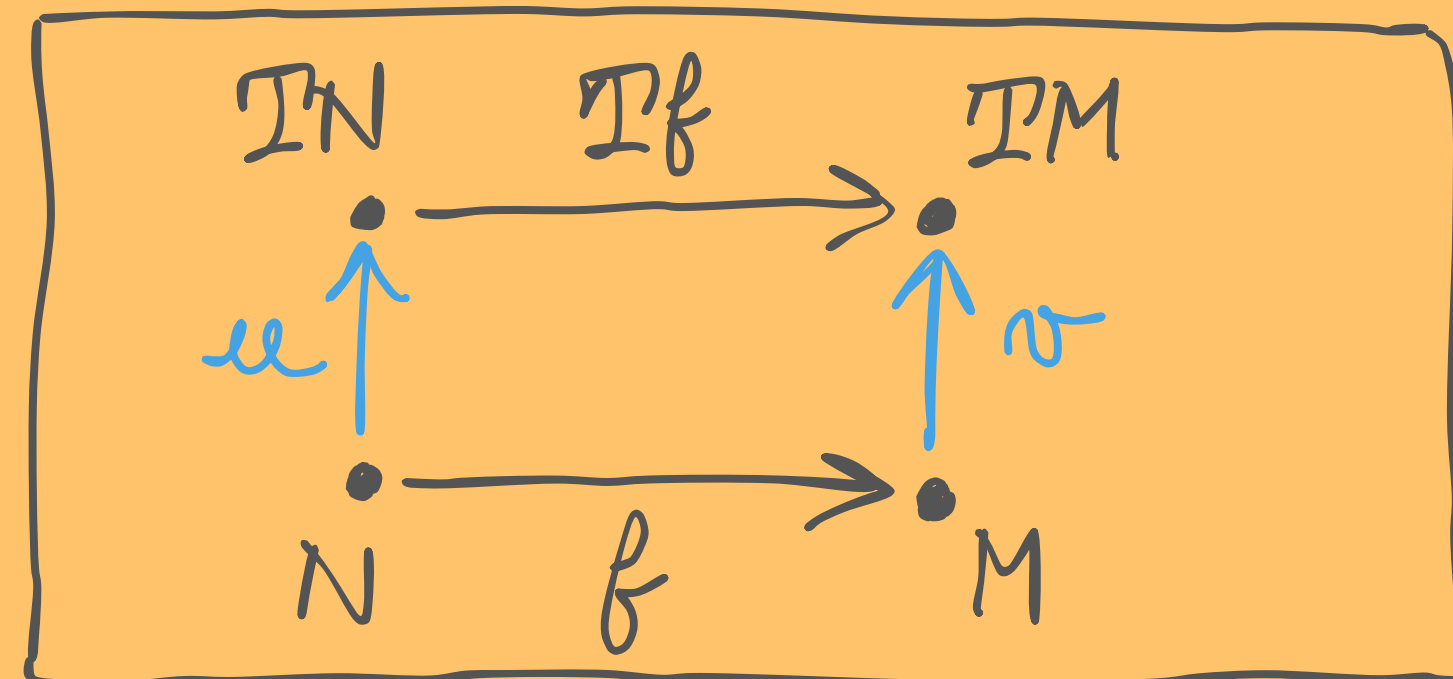
$$\pi: (\mathbb{X}', \mathbb{I}') \longrightarrow (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{I})$$

$$\pi: \mathbb{X}' \longrightarrow \mathbb{X} \text{ Fibration}$$

$(\mathbb{I}, \mathbb{I}'): \pi \rightarrow \pi$ Preserves cartesian lifts

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{VF}(\mathbb{X}', \mathbb{I}') \\ \downarrow \\ \text{VF}(\pi) \\ \downarrow \\ \text{VF}(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{I}) \end{array}$$

THE UNIVERSAL VECTOR FIELD IS THEN:



EXAMPLE

TANGENT FIBRATIONS

CONSIDER A TANGENT FIBRATION:

$$\pi: (\mathbb{X}', \mathbb{I}') \longrightarrow (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{I})$$

$$\pi: \mathbb{X}' \longrightarrow \mathbb{X} \text{ Fibration}$$

$(\mathbb{I}, \mathbb{I}'): \pi \rightarrow \pi$ Preserves cartesian lifts

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{VF}(\mathbb{X}', \mathbb{I}') \\ \downarrow \text{VF}(\pi) \\ \text{VF}(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{I}) \end{array}$$

THE UNIVERSAL VECTOR FIELD IS THEN:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbb{I}'^*E & \xrightarrow{\mathbb{I}'\varphi} & \mathbb{I}E \\ \beta^*E & \xrightarrow{\varphi} & E \end{array}$$

A blue arrow labeled w points from E to $\mathbb{I}E$.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbb{I}N & \xrightarrow{\mathbb{I}f} & \mathbb{I}M \\ N & \xrightarrow{f} & M \end{array}$$

A blue arrow labeled u points from N to $\mathbb{I}N$, and a blue arrow labeled v points from M to $\mathbb{I}M$.

EXAMPLE

TANGENT FIBRATIONS

CONSIDER A TANGENT FIBRATION:

$$\pi: (\mathbb{X}', \mathbb{T}') \longrightarrow (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

$$\pi: \mathbb{X}' \longrightarrow \mathbb{X} \text{ Fibration}$$

$(\mathbb{T}, \mathbb{T}'): \pi \rightarrow \pi$ Preserves cartesian lifts

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{VF}(\mathbb{X}', \mathbb{T}') \\ \downarrow \text{VF}(\pi) \\ \text{VF}(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) \end{array}$$

THE UNIVERSAL VECTOR FIELD IS THEN:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbb{T}'^*E & \xrightarrow{\mathbb{T}'\varphi} & \mathbb{T}^*E \\ \uparrow f[w] & & \uparrow w \\ \beta^*E & \xrightarrow{\varphi_\beta} & E \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbb{T}N & \xrightarrow{\mathbb{T}f} & \mathbb{T}M \\ \uparrow u & & \uparrow v \\ N & \xrightarrow{f} & M \end{array}$$

CHAPTER 3

STRUCTURES OF FORMAL VECTOR FIELDS

STRUCTURES
ARE INDUCED
BY THE
UNIVERSALITY
AND BY THE
GLOBAL
TANGENT
STRUCTURE.

THE COMMUTATIVE MONOID OF VECTOR FIELDS

SET UP

LET'S START WITH THE ZERO

$$0: \underset{M}{(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{I})} \longrightarrow \underset{(M, z: M \rightarrow TM)}{VF(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{I})}$$

THE COMMUTATIVE MONOID OF VECTOR FIELDS

SET UP

LET'S START WITH THE ZERO

$$0: \underset{M}{(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{I})} \longrightarrow \underset{(M, z: M \rightarrow TM)}{VF(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{I})}$$

THE FIRST STEP IS TO DEFINE A
NEW VECTOR FIELD

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{I}) & \xlongequal{\quad} & & & (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{I}) \\ \parallel & & z \nearrow & & \downarrow (T, c) \\ (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{I}) & \xlongequal{\quad} & & & (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{I}) \end{array}$$

THE COMMUTATIVE MONOID OF VECTOR FIELDS

SET UP

LET'S START WITH THE ZERO

$$0: \underset{M}{(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{I})} \longrightarrow \underset{(M, z: M \rightarrow TM)}{VF(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{I})}$$

BY THE UNIV. PROP. OF V.F. THERE EXISTS A UNIQUE STRICT MORPHISM

$$0: \mathcal{Z} \xrightarrow{!} \hat{\mathcal{V}}$$

THE FIRST STEP IS TO DEFINE A NEW VECTOR FIELD

$$\begin{array}{ccc} (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{I}) & \xlongequal{\quad} & (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{I}) \\ \parallel & \nearrow z & \downarrow (T, c) \\ (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{I}) & \xlongequal{\quad} & (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{I}) \end{array}$$

THE COMMUTATIVE MONOID OF VECTOR FIELDS

LET'S START WITH THE ZERO

$$0: \underset{M}{(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})} \longrightarrow \underset{(M, z: M \rightarrow TM)}{VF(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})}$$

THE FIRST STEP IS TO DEFINE A NEW VECTOR FIELD

$$\begin{array}{ccc} (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) & \xlongequal{\quad} & (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) \\ \parallel & z \nearrow & \downarrow (T, c) \\ (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) & \xlongequal{\quad} & (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) \end{array}$$

BY THE UNIV. PROP. OF V.F. THERE EXISTS A UNIQUE STRICT MORPHISM

$$0: \mathcal{Z} \xrightarrow{!} \hat{\mathcal{V}}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) & \xrightarrow{0} & VF(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) \\ \downarrow (T, c) \quad \left(\begin{array}{c} \xleftarrow{z} \\ \parallel \end{array} \right) & \cup & \left(\begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{\hat{z}} \\ \parallel \end{array} \right) \downarrow \hat{T} \cup \\ (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) & \xlongequal{\quad} & (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) \end{array}$$

THE COMMUTATIVE MONOID OF VECTOR FIELDS

SET UP

LET'S NOW DEFINE THE SUM

$$\begin{array}{ccc} + : VF_2(X, \mathbb{T}) & \longrightarrow & VF(X, \mathbb{T}) \\ (M, u, v) & & (M, u+v) \end{array}$$

THE COMMUTATIVE MONOID OF VECTOR FIELDS

LET'S NOW DEFINE THE SUM

$$+ : VF_2(X, \mathbb{I}) \longrightarrow VF(X, \mathbb{I})$$

$$(M, \mu, \nu) \quad (M, \mu + \nu)$$

LET'S FIRST DEFINE THE TWO
VECTOR FIELDS

$$\hat{\nu}_K := \begin{array}{ccccc} VF_2(X, \mathbb{I}) & \xrightarrow{\pi_K} & VF(X, \mathbb{I}) & \xrightarrow{U} & (X, \mathbb{I}) \\ \parallel & & \parallel & \nearrow \hat{\nu} & \downarrow (\tau, \omega) \\ VF_2(X, \mathbb{I}) & \xrightarrow{\pi_K} & VF(X, \mathbb{I}) & \xrightarrow{U} & (X, \mathbb{I}) \end{array}$$

THE COMMUTATIVE MONOID OF VECTOR FIELDS

SET UP

LET'S NOW DEFINE THE SUM

$$+ : VF_2(X, \mathbb{T}) \longrightarrow VF(X, \mathbb{T})$$

$$(M, \mu, \nu) \quad (M, \mu + \nu)$$

CONCRETELY:

$$\hat{\nu}_1 : \underbrace{\bigcup \pi_1(M, \mu, \nu)}_M \longrightarrow \underbrace{T \bigcup \pi_1(M, \mu, \nu)}_{TM}$$

$\xrightarrow{\quad \mu \quad}$

$$\hat{\nu}_2 : \underbrace{\bigcup \pi_2(M, \mu, \nu)}_M \longrightarrow \underbrace{T \bigcup \pi_2(M, \mu, \nu)}_{TM}$$

$\xrightarrow{\quad \nu \quad}$

THE COMMUTATIVE MONOID OF VECTOR FIELDS

LET'S NOW DEFINE THE SUM

$$+ : VF_2(X, \mathbb{T}) \longrightarrow VF(X, \mathbb{T})$$

$$(M; \mu, \nu) \quad (M, \mu + \nu)$$

CONCRETELY:

$$\hat{v}_1 : \underbrace{\bigcup \pi_1(M; \mu, \nu)}_M \longrightarrow \underbrace{T \bigcup \pi_1(M, \mu, \nu)}_{TM}$$

$$M \xrightarrow{\mu} TM$$

$$\hat{v}_2 : \underbrace{\bigcup \pi_2(M; \mu, \nu)}_M \longrightarrow \underbrace{T \bigcup \pi_2(M, \mu, \nu)}_{TM}$$

$$M \xrightarrow{\nu} TM$$

LET'S SUM THEM UP:

$$\hat{v}_1 + \hat{v}_2 : \underbrace{\bigcup \pi_k(M; \mu, \nu)}_M \longrightarrow \underbrace{T \bigcup \pi_k(M, \mu, \nu)}_{TM}$$

$$M \xrightarrow{\mu + \nu} TM$$

THE COMMUTATIVE MONOID OF VECTOR FIELDS

LET'S NOW DEFINE THE SUM

$$+ : VF_2(X, \mathbb{T}) \longrightarrow VF(X, \mathbb{T})$$

$$(M, \mu, \nu) \quad (M, \mu + \nu)$$

CONCRETELY:

$$\hat{v}_1 : \underbrace{\bigcup \pi_1(M, \mu, \nu)}_M \longrightarrow \underbrace{T \bigcup \pi_1(M, \mu, \nu)}_{TM}$$

$$M \xrightarrow{\mu} TM$$

$$\hat{v}_2 : \underbrace{\bigcup \pi_2(M, \mu, \nu)}_M \longrightarrow \underbrace{T \bigcup \pi_2(M, \mu, \nu)}_{TM}$$

$$M \xrightarrow{\nu} TM$$

LET'S SUM THEM UP:

$$\hat{v}_1 + \hat{v}_2 : \underbrace{\bigcup \pi_k(M, \mu, \nu)}_M \longrightarrow \underbrace{T \bigcup \pi_k(M, \mu, \nu)}_{TM}$$

$$M \xrightarrow{\mu + \nu} TM$$

BY THE UNIV. PROP. OF .V.F. THERE EXISTS A UNIQUE STRICT MORPHISM

$$+ : \hat{v}_1 + \hat{v}_2 \longrightarrow \hat{v}$$

THE COMMUTATIVE MONOID OF VECTOR FIELDS

LET'S NOW DEFINE THE SUM

$$+ : VF_2(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) \longrightarrow VF(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

$$(M; \mu, \nu) \quad (M, \mu + \nu)$$

CONCRETELY:

$$\hat{v}_1 : \underbrace{\bigcup \pi_1(M; \mu, \nu)}_M \longrightarrow \underbrace{T \bigcup \pi_1(M, \mu, \nu)}_{TM}$$

$$M \xrightarrow{\mu} TM$$

$$\hat{v}_2 : \underbrace{\bigcup \pi_2(M; \mu, \nu)}_M \longrightarrow \underbrace{T \bigcup \pi_2(M, \mu, \nu)}_{TM}$$

$$M \xrightarrow{\nu} TM$$

LET'S SUM THEM UP:

$$\hat{v}_1 + \hat{v}_2 : \underbrace{\bigcup \pi_k(M; \mu, \nu)}_M \longrightarrow \underbrace{T \bigcup \pi_k(M, \mu, \nu)}_{TM}$$

$$M \xrightarrow{\mu + \nu} TM$$

BY THE UNIV. PROP. OF .V.F. THERE EXISTS A UNIQUE STRICT MORPHISM

$$+ : \hat{v}_1 + \hat{v}_2 \longrightarrow \hat{v}$$

$$VF_2(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) \xrightarrow{+} VF(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \bar{T} \bigcup \pi_k \left(\hat{v}_1 + \hat{v}_2 \right) \bigcup \pi_k & \xrightarrow{+} & \bigcup \left(\hat{v} \right) \bar{T} \bigcup \\ \downarrow \leq & & \downarrow \Rightarrow \\ (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) & = & (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) \end{array}$$

THEOREM

THE COMMUTATIVE MONOID OF VECTOR FIELDS

CONSIDER A TANGENT OBJECT

$$(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

WHICH ADMITS THE CONSTRUCTION OF
VECTOR FIELDS.

$$VF_2(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) \xrightarrow{+} VF(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{U} \\ \xleftarrow{0} \end{array} (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

CONSTITUTES A COMMUTATIVE MONOID IN

$$TNG(\mathbb{K})/(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

THE LIE ALGEBRA OF VECTOR FIELDS

SET UP

IF A TANGENT OBJECT

$$(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

HAS NEGATIVES, SO DOES

$$\text{TNG}(\mathbb{K}) / (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

THE LIE ALGEBRA OF VECTOR FIELDS

SET UP

IF A TANGENT OBJECT

$$(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

HAS NEGATIVES, SO DOES

$$\text{TNG}(\mathbb{K}) / (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

WE CAN TAKE THE LIE BRACKET

$$[\hat{v}_1, \hat{v}_2] : \underbrace{\cup \pi_K(M; \mu, \nu)}_M \rightarrow \underbrace{\cup \pi_K(M; \mu, \nu)}_{\mathbb{T}M}$$
$$M \xrightarrow{[\mu, \nu]} \mathbb{T}M$$

THE LIE ALGEBRA OF VECTOR FIELDS

UP
SET
S

IF A TANGENT OBJECT

$$(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

HAS NEGATIVES, SO DOES

$$\text{TNG}(\mathbb{K}) / (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

WE CAN TAKE THE LIE BRACKET

$$[\hat{v}_1, \hat{v}_2] : \underbrace{\bigcup \pi_{\kappa}(M; \mu, \nu)}_M \rightarrow \underbrace{\bigcup \pi_{\kappa}(M; \mu, \nu)}_{\mathbb{T}M}$$

$M \xrightarrow{[\mu, \nu]} \mathbb{T}M$

BY THE UNIV. PROP. OF V.F. THERE
EXISTS A UNIQUE STRICT MORPHISM

$$[,] : [\hat{v}_1, \hat{v}_2] \longrightarrow \hat{v}$$

THE LIE ALGEBRA OF VECTOR FIELDS

IF A TANGENT OBJECT

$$(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

HAS NEGATIVES, SO DOES

$$\text{TNG}(\mathbb{K})/(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

WE CAN TAKE THE LIE BRACKET

$$[\hat{v}_1, \hat{v}_2] : \underbrace{\text{U}\pi_K(M; \mu, \nu)}_{M} \rightarrow \underbrace{\text{TU}\pi_K(M; \mu, \nu)}_{\text{TM}}$$

BY THE UNIV. PROP. OF V.F. THERE EXISTS A UNIQUE STRICT MORPHISM

$$[,] : [\hat{v}_1, \hat{v}_2] \longrightarrow \hat{v}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{VF}_2(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) & \xrightarrow{[,]} & \text{VF}(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) \\ \text{TU}\pi_K \left(\begin{array}{c} [\hat{v}_1, \hat{v}_2] \\ \leftarrow \\ (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) \end{array} \right) \text{U}\pi_K & & \text{U} \left(\begin{array}{c} \hat{v} \\ \Rightarrow \\ (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) \end{array} \right) \text{TU} \\ & & \text{U} \end{array}$$

THEOREM

THE LIE ALGEBRA OF VECTOR FIELDS

CONSIDER A TANGENT OBJECT WITH NEGATIVES

$$(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

WHICH ADMITS THE CONSTRUCTION OF VECTOR FIELDS.

$$(U: VF(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}) \rightarrow (\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T}), 0, +, [,])$$

CONSTITUTES A LIE ALGEBRA OBJECT IN

$$TNG(\mathbb{K})/(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{T})$$

CHAPTER 4

NEW IDEAS AND FUTURE WORK

DIFFERENTIAL
BUNDLES
CONNECTIONS
AND MANY
MORE.

FUTURE WORK AND CONJECTURES

IN TANGENT CATEGORY THEORY THERE
ARE A FEW OTHER CONSTRUCTIONS:

DIFFERENTIAL OBJECTS

DIFFERENTIAL BUNDLES

CONNECTIONS

DYNAMICAL SYSTEMS

DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

INVOLUTION ALGEBROIDS

FUTURE WORK AND CONJECTURES

SET UP

IN TANGENT CATEGORY THEORY THERE ARE A FEW OTHER CONSTRUCTIONS:

DIFFERENTIAL OBJECTS

DIFFERENTIAL BUNDLES

CONNECTIONS

DYNAMICAL SYSTEMS

DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

INVOLUTION ALGEBROIDS

WE CONJECTURE THAT THEIR FORMAL COUNTERPART CAN BE DEFINED AS THE UNIVERSAL «CONSTRUCTION» IN

$$\mathbf{TNG}(\mathbb{K})/(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{I})$$

FUTURE WORK AND CONJECTURES

SET UP

IN TANGENT CATEGORY THEORY THERE ARE A FEW OTHER CONSTRUCTIONS:

DIFFERENTIAL OBJECTS

DIFFERENTIAL BUNDLES

CONNECTIONS

DYNAMICAL SYSTEMS

DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

INVOLUTION ALGEBROIDS

WE CONJECTURE THAT THEIR FORMAL COUNTERPART CAN BE DEFINED AS THE UNIVERSAL «CONSTRUCTION» IN

$$\mathbf{TNG}(\mathbb{K})/(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{I})$$

E.G. DIFFERENTIAL BUNDLES FORM THE UNIVERSAL DIFFERENTIAL BUNDLE IN

$$\mathbf{TNG}(\mathbb{K})/(\mathbb{X}, \mathbb{I})$$

THE
END

THANKS
FOR
LISTENING

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